

# Welcome to the GrameneMart Tutorial

A tool for batch data sequence retrieval

1. Select a Gramene dataset to search against.
2. Add filters to the dataset to increase its specificity.
3. Choose the fields to include in the report.
4. Generate a batch report in a format that can be imported into local tools, such as Excel.

## Tutorial Help



The hand icon indicates a link that allows you to go to the same page in your web browser.



If you are viewing this tutorial with Adobe Acrobat Reader, click the "bookmarks" on the left hand side of the Reader for easier navigation.

Action Options are noted in this type of font.

*Notes or comments use this style font.*



GrameneMart is based upon BioMart.

The “Mart” tool is particularly suited for providing the 'data mining like” searches of complex descriptive (e.g. biological) data, and is optimized for large databases, such as genomic sequence or microarray experiments.

BioMart software is completely Open Source, licensed under the LGPL, and freely available to anyone without restrictions



# Gramene Home Page

**GRAMENE** *A Resource for Comparative Grass Genomics* v20 (March 2006)

Search | Genomes | Download | Resources | About | Help Feedback

**Quick Search**

Find anything

**Have Questions...?**

- Gramene now has [tutorials](#) for every module.
- Ask questions through [Feedback](#) or [Email](#)

**Gramene Tips:**

The SSR Marker Search is listed under the Marker database.

[All Tips](#)

**Genomes-Ensembl**

**Maps-CMap**

**Markers**

**QTL**

**Genes**

**Proteins**

**Ontologies**

**Literature**

**Sequences-BLAST**

**All-GrameneMart**

**MOLECULAR MARKERS:** Use the Simple Sequence Repeat Identification Tool (SSRIT); or search by **marker type** or species, including:

**TRAITS:** Search the **Genes** or **QTL** database for **Rice Genes**, **Rice QTL**, **Maize QTL**. Do

**LITERATURE:** Search the literature for your interests and topics of interest.

**SUBMISSION:** Submit a **Rice Gene** or **Ontology Term** to Gramene.

**Quick Start**

Accessed genomes for **Rice**, **Maize**, **Wheat**, **Barley**, **Oats**, **Sorghum**, and **Brassica**. Search with **GrameneMart**; Search with **ProSite** or Browse by Gene Ontology using **GO Slim**.

Genetic maps for **Rice**, **Maize**, **Wheat**, **Barley**, **Oats**, **Sorghum**, and **Brassica**. Use the comparative Map Viewer (**CMap**) to compare maps of different species.

**Recent News**

Release 20 for Gramene. See the [news](#).

[News Archive](#)

- RTWIG [Gramene workshop materials](#) are available.
- [Rice News Worldwide](#) from IRRI

**Visit with us at**

- [48th Maize Genetics Conference](#), March 9-12, 2006, Asilomar, Pacific Grove, CA

[Gramene Calendar](#)

Gramene is a curated, open-source, web-accessible data resource for comparative genome analysis in the grasses. Our goal is to facilitate the study of cross-species homology relationships using information derived from public projects involved in genomic and EST sequencing, protein structure and function analysis, genetic and physical mapping, interpretation of biochemical pathways, gene and QTL localization and descriptions of phenotypic characters and mutations.

SPECIES

Last modified: Thu Mar 2 15:54:55 2006

[Home](#) | [Site Map](#) | [About](#) | [Cite Gramene](#)

GrameneMart can also be accessed through genomes.

Click here to open GrameneMart Home Page



# Genomes Home Page

Find

## Gramene Genome Browser

### About Gramene-Ensembl

The Gramene Genome Browser is a web-based tool for viewing annotations mapped to plant (in particular cereal) genomes and physical maps. The Browser is built on Ensembl technology.



Ensembl is a joint project between [EMBL - EBI](#) and the [Sanger Institute](#) to develop a software system which produces and maintains automatic annotation on selected eukaryotic genomes. Ensembl is primarily funded by the [Wellcome Trust](#).

### Species in Gramene

<a href="#">Rice-japonica</a>	Dec 2004	<a href="#">TIGR v3</a>
<a href="#">Maize</a>	Oct 2004	<a href="#">AGI</a>
<a href="#">Arabidopsis</a>	May 2004	<a href="#">TIGR v5</a>

### Links

Batch data/sequence retrieval	<a href="#">GrameneMart</a>
Sequence similarity searches	<a href="#">BlastView</a>
Browser release note	<a href="#">Release Note</a>

You can also enter  
Gramene Mart through  
the Genomes page

Gramene is a growing database, and results from your search may be slightly different than pictured here. However, the organization of the database remains the same.



## Select a Dataset

Mart tools are structured as a series of pages to be filled in successively. The steps are outlined at as **headers** at the top of Martview

2. Press **Next**. This will move you to the next step, and highlight the headers one by one.

bio.mart

refresh Help Desk Tutorial

Summary

- ▶ start  
ⓘ Not yet initialised
- ▶ filter  
ⓘ Not yet initialised
- ▶ output  
ⓘ Not yet initialised

1. Select a **dataset** for this query.

The **Summary** section at the right hand side is updated accordingly. It is always possible to go back to a previous step and amend the options. Clicking on 'refresh' will update the summary.

Apply a filter to narrow your search



## Formulate the Filters: Filter by Region

After each filter selection click on “refresh” to update your summary, but remain on the filter page.

new START FILTER OUTPUT export

back next

DATASET 1

REGION:

Chromosome

Base pair

Start

End

12

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

limit

Gene ID(s)

Browse

1

refresh Help Desk Tutorial

Summary

start

Dataset: Oryza sativa genes

58752 Entries Total

filter

Not yet initialised

output

Not yet initialised

1. If you wish to filter by chromosome or base pair, **select the box and enter specific data**

This is the current **state of your query**, showing the current number of records matching your query and filters. Continue to add filters until the number becomes a manageable size.

# Filter by Gene

GENE:

ID list limit

TIGR Gene ID(s)

Transcript count >=

1  
2  
3  
4  
5  
6  
7  
8

2. If you wish to filter by gene or transcript count **select the box and enter specific data**

Use the 'Browse' button to import values from a file



# Filter by Gene Ontology

**GENE ONTOLOGY:**

Molecular function  
Evidence code    
Molecular function (e.g. GO:0016209)

Biological Process  
Evidence code    
Biological process (e.g. GO:0050789)

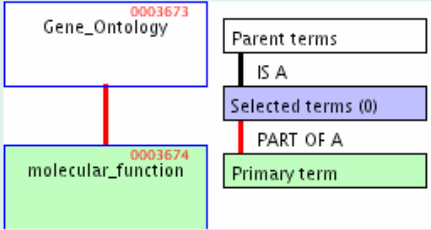
Cellular component  
Evidence code    
Cellular component (e.g. GO:005623)

3. If you wish to filter by gene ontology, **select the box** and **enter specific data**

Use the 'find' button to go to EBI's **QuickGO** to define your GO term (*see next slide*).

# QuickGO

QuickGO **GO Term GO:0003674** [? = help](#)

<b>Term ID</b> <a href="#">?</a>	GO:0003674
<b>Name</b> <a href="#">?</a>	molecular_function
<b>Last updated</b> <a href="#">?</a>	2001-03-30 04:29:44.0
<b>Definition</b> <a href="#">?</a>	Elemental activities, such as catalysis or binding, describing the actions of a gene product at the molecular level. A given gene product may exhibit one or more molecular functions.
<b>Hierarchy</b> <a href="#">?</a>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>View this term's parents in a denormalised tree.</li><li>View with neither graph nor tree.</li><li>Hide all selected terms except the primary one</li><li>Add more terms to the selection with a search</li></ul>
	
<b>Child terms</b> <a href="#">?</a>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><a href="#">GO:0016209</a>: antioxidant activity</li><li><a href="#">GO:0005488</a>: binding</li><li><a href="#">GO:0003824</a>: catalytic activity</li><li><a href="#">GO:0030188</a>: chaperone regulator activity</li><li><a href="#">GO:0042056</a>: chemoattractant activity</li><li><a href="#">GO:0045499</a>: chemorepellant activity</li><li><a href="#">GO:0031992</a>: energy transducer activity</li><li><a href="#">GO:0030234</a>: enzyme regulator activity</li><li><a href="#">GO:0005554</a>: molecular function unknown</li><li><a href="#">GO:0003774</a>: motor activity</li><li><a href="#">GO:0045735</a>: nutrient reservoir activity</li><li><a href="#">GO:0008369</a>: obsolete molecular function</li><li><a href="#">GO:0031386</a>: protein tag</li><li><a href="#">GO:0004871</a>: signal transducer activity</li><li><a href="#">GO:0005198</a>: structural molecule activity</li><li><a href="#">GO:0030528</a>: transcription regulator activity</li><li><a href="#">GO:0045182</a>: translation regulator activity</li><li><a href="#">GO:0005215</a>: transporter activity</li><li><a href="#">GO:0030533</a>: triplet codon-amino acid adaptor activity</li></ul>

You should be on the ontology you selected

Or use the search function

Browse to find most appropriate term. (Click a term to see it's child terms) Note the term ID of choice (copy) and return to filter page (paste).

# Compare Species

MULTI SPECIES COMPARISONS:

<input type="checkbox"/>	Homologous Maize genes	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	Only
	Homologous Maize genes	<input type="radio"/>	Excluded
	Homologous Arabidopsis Genes		

3. If you wish to compare with other available species, **select the box** and indicate whether to **compare only** or **exclude** that species.

# Filter by Protein

The screenshot shows a web interface for filtering by protein. It features a dropdown menu with the following options: 'with InterPro ID(s)', 'with PFAM ID(s)', 'with PRINTS ID(s)', 'with PROFILE ID(s)', 'with coil(s)', and 'with low complexity region(s)'. Below the dropdown is a checkbox labeled 'with InterPro ID(s)'. To the right of this checkbox are two radio buttons: 'Only' (selected) and 'Excluded'. Below these is a text input field with a 'Browse...' button. A second dropdown menu is also visible, with options: 'Interpro ID(s)', 'PFAM ID(s)', 'PRINTS ID(s)', and 'PROFILE ID(s)'. The word 'PROTEIN' is partially visible on the left side of the interface.

4. If you wish to filter by protein, **select the box**, make a selection from the **drop down menu** and **enter specific data**

Use the 'Browse' button to import values from a file

# Apply the filter

new START FILTER OUTPUT export

back next

refresh Help Desk Tutorial

Summary

start

Dataset: Oryza sativa genes

58752 Entries Total

filter

Chromosome name: 9

Homologous genes: Oryza sativa genes

70 Entries pass Filters

output

Not yet initialised

refresh Help Desk Tutorial

Summary

start

Dataset: Oryza sativa genes

58752 Entries Total

filter

Chromosome name: 9

Homologous genes: Oryza sativa genes

8 Entries pass Filters

output

Features

8 Results in Output

refresh Help Desk Tutorial

Summary

start

Dataset: Oryza sativa genes

58752 Entries Total

filter

Chromosome name: 9

Homologous genes: Oryza sativa genes

8 Entries pass Filters

output

Not yet initialised

Summaries from three progressive filters (different example)

Remember the **summary** listed on the right side show the number of records matching your query and filters. Continue to add filters until the number becomes a manageable size.

After selecting a filter click on “refresh”

5. After your output is a manageable size, click on “next” to go to the output page (see next slide).

# Features Output

new START FILTER OUTPUT export

bio::mart

refresh Help Desk Tutorial

Summary

Features Structures Sequences

REGION:

**Chromosome Attributes**

Chromosome Name  Start Position (bp)

End Position (bp)  Strand

GENE:

**Gene Attributes**

Trans Gene LOC ID  TIGR Transcript LOC ID

Transcript count  Description

**External References**

GO term  GO description

GO evidence code

MULTI SPECIES:

**Arabidopsis Attributes**

Arabidopsis ID  Arabidopsis Chr I

**Maize Attributes**

Maize Clone Strand  Maize Homology

DN/DS  Maize % Pep Co

Maize % Pep ID

PROTEIN:

**Interpro Attributes**

Interpro ID  Interpro Description

Interpro Description

**Domain Attributes**

Include

Prosite ID  PRINTS

PFAM ID

Select the output format:

HTML  Text, tab separated

MS Excel

File compression:

None  gzip (.gz)

Enter a name for this result set:

Name:

Enter a value to open results in new window (REQUIRES POP-UP UNBLOCKING), or to provide a name for file download.

back export

Output fields can be selected from **Features**, **Structures** and **Sequences**. Click on the tabs to navigate between them.

6. Select **output options** you want by clicking on the box to the left of an option to check it.

Options at the bottom of the Export page allow you to select **HTML**, **text-only** or **Excel formats**

7. Click **Export**  
(see Slide 14)

# Features Results

Each selected output field is a column in the table.

Chromosome Name	Start Position (bp)	End Position (bp)	Strand	TIGR Gene LOC ID	Transcript count
12	<a href="#">10731000</a>	<a href="#">10732135</a>	1	<a href="#">LOC_Os12g18560</a>	1
12	<a href="#">25195068</a>	<a href="#">25195825</a>	-1	<a href="#">LOC_Os12g40750</a>	1
12	<a href="#">4747198</a>	<a href="#">4747452</a>	-1	<a href="#">LOC_Os12g09090</a>	1
12	<a href="#">22155417</a>	<a href="#">22155925</a>	-1	<a href="#">LOC_Os12g36210</a>	1
12	<a href="#">22160052</a>	<a href="#">22160556</a>	-1	<a href="#">LOC_Os12g36220</a>	1
12	<a href="#">22164738</a>	<a href="#">22165247</a>	-1	<a href="#">LOC_Os12g36240</a>	1
12	<a href="#">22961703</a>	<a href="#">22962286</a>	-1	<a href="#">LOC_Os12g37480</a>	1
12	<a href="#">1392077</a>	<a href="#">1392135</a>	-1	<a href="#">LOC_Os12g03510</a>	1

Links to Genome Browser

# Structures Output

**new** **START** **FILTER** **OUTPUT** **smart**

**back** **export**

**Features** **Structures** **Sequences**

*Gene Structure*

**Gene Attributes**

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> TIGR Gene ID	<input type="checkbox"/> TIGR Transcript ID
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Description	<input type="checkbox"/> Chromosome
<input type="checkbox"/> Transcript Start (bp)	<input type="checkbox"/> Transcript End (bp)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Strand	<input type="checkbox"/> cDNA length
<input type="checkbox"/> CDS length	<input type="checkbox"/> Peptide Length

**Exon Attributes**

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Exon ID	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Exon Rank in Transcript
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Exon Start (bp)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Exon End (bp)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 5 UTR Start (bp)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 5 UTR End (bp)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Coding Start (bp)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Coding End (bp)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 3 UTR Start (bp)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 3 UTR End (bp)

*Select the output format:*

<input checked="" type="radio"/> HTML	<input type="radio"/> Text, tab separated
<input type="radio"/> MS Excel	<input type="radio"/> GTF

*File compression:*

<input checked="" type="radio"/> None	<input type="radio"/> gzip (.gz)
---------------------------------------	----------------------------------

*Enter a name for this result set:*

Name:

Enter a value to open results in new window (REQUIRES POP-UP UNBLOCKING), or to provide a name for file download.

**back** **export**

bio::mart

**refresh** **Help Desk**  
**Tutorial**

**Summary**

▶ **start**

- Dataset: Oryza sativa genes
- 58752 Entries Total

▶ **filter**

- Chromosome name: 12

▶ **output**

- Structures
- 8 Results in Output

8. Options to retrieve gene structure information

9. Click **Export** (see Slide 17)



# Structures Results

Each selected output field is a column in the table.

TIGR Gene ID	Description	Strand	Exon ID	Exon Rank in Transcript	Exon Start (bp)	Exon End (bp)	5 UTR Start (bp)	5 UTR End (bp)	Coding Start (bp)	Coding End (bp)	3 UTR Start (bp)	3 UTR End (bp)
<a href="#">LOC_Os12g18560</a>	invertase inhibitor homolog, putative	1	11686.e07708	1	<a href="#">10731000</a>	<a href="#">10732135</a>	10731000	10731143	<a href="#">10731144</a>	<a href="#">10731830</a>	10731831	10732135
<a href="#">LOC_Os12g40750</a>	expressed protein	-1	11686.e16863	1	<a href="#">25195068</a>	<a href="#">25195825</a>			<a href="#">25195262</a>	<a href="#">25195825</a>	25195068	25195261
<a href="#">LOC_Os12g09090</a>	subtilisin inhibitor (fragment). [broad bean	-1	11686.e04040	1	<a href="#">4747198</a>	<a href="#">4747452</a>			<a href="#">4747198</a>	<a href="#">4747452</a>		
<a href="#">LOC_Os12g36210</a>	subtilisin/chymotrypsin inhibitor - maize	-1	11686.e14445	1	<a href="#">22155417</a>	<a href="#">22155925</a>	22155834	22155925	<a href="#">22155600</a>	<a href="#">22155833</a>	22155417	22155599
<a href="#">LOC_Os12g36220</a>	CI2E	-1	11686.e14446	1	<a href="#">22160052</a>	<a href="#">22160556</a>	22160466	22160556	<a href="#">22160184</a>	<a href="#">22160465</a>	22160052	22160183
<a href="#">LOC_Os12g36240</a>	CI2E	-1	11686.e14448	1	<a href="#">22164736</a>	<a href="#">22165247</a>	22165140	22165247	<a href="#">22164933</a>	<a href="#">22165139</a>	22164736	22164932
<a href="#">LOC_Os12g37480</a>	expressed protein	-1	11686.e15025	1	<a href="#">22961703</a>	<a href="#">22962786</a>			<a href="#">22962091</a>	<a href="#">22962786</a>	22961703	22962090
<a href="#">LOC_Os12g03510</a>	hypothetical protein	-1	11686.e01228	1	<a href="#">1392077</a>	<a href="#">1392652</a>			<a href="#">1392077</a>	<a href="#">1392652</a>		

Links to Genome Browser

# Sequences Output

new START FILTER OUTPUT

Features Structures Sequences

SEQUENCES:  
Type of Sequence to Export (all in 5'-3' direction):

Unspliced (Transcript) Unspliced (Gene)  
Flank (Transcript) Flank (Gene)  
Flank-coding region (Transcript) Flank-coding region (Gene)  
Exon sequences (Transcript) Exon sequences (Gene)  
 cDNA sequences 5' UTR  
3' UTR Coding sequence  
Peptide

Upstream flank 100  
Downstream flank 100

Header Information

**Gene Attributes**

TIGR Gene ID  TIGR Transcript ID  
 Description  Chromosome  
 Transcript Start (bp)  Transcript End (bp)  
 Strand  cDNA length  
 CDS length  Peptide Length

**Exon Attributes**

Exon ID  Exon Rank in Transcript  
 Exon Start (bp)  Exon End (bp)  
 5 UTR Start (bp)  5 UTR End (bp)  
 Coding Start (bp)  Coding End (bp)  
 3 UTR Start (bp)  3 UTR End (bp)

Select the output format:

Text, Fasta

start  
Dataset: Oryza sativa genes  
58752 Entries Total

filter  
Chromosome name: 12  
Evidence code: IEA  
(e.g. GO:0008150, GO:0030234)  
8 Entries pass Filter

output  
Sequences  
8 Results in Output

The selected option is dynamically visualised in a schematic representation of a gene structure. The bold red lines indicate which part of the gene would be included in an export.

Options for the sequences. Some options are dependent upon other options selected.

Click **Export** (see slide 19)



## For Further Information

- Data mining using EnSmart (oriented towards human data mining at Ensembl)
  - [www.ensembl.org/Homo\\_sapiens/helpview?se=1;kw=martview](http://www.ensembl.org/Homo_sapiens/helpview?se=1;kw=martview)
- BioMart documents
  - [www.biomart.org/install.html](http://www.biomart.org/install.html)

## Contact Gramene



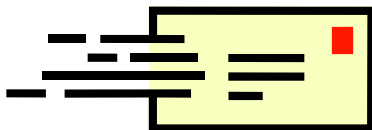
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Use the feedback button, located at the top of every page, to provide feedback or to ask questions about Gramene.

or



Email Gramene at [gramene@gramene.org](mailto:gramene@gramene.org)