Genomes & Diversity

Gramene currently hosts 93 complete reference genomes. In collaboration with Ensembl Genomes, for each reference genome, we incorporate community annotation from primary sources and enrich this information with a series of standardized functional analyses (e.g., InterProScan, GO and PO assignments). Evolutionary histories are provided by Compara phylogenetic gene trees and complemented by analyses of whole genome alignments. Gramene has also positioned itself as a resource for genome variation data in agriculturally important species including maize, sorghum, rice, wheat, grape, tomato, apple, and sunflower.

Pathways & Networks

The Plant Reactome (http://plantreactome.gramene.org) is a new platform for the comparative analysis of plant metabolic and regulatory networks, produced in collaboration with the Human Reactome Project. The October release of Plant Reactome includes 320 metabolic and signaling pathways for 107 plant species including curated rice pathways and projected maize pathways.

Gramene also produces and hosts or mirrors metabolic pathways databases and visualization tools in the BioCyc collection. These are now hosted at CyVerse (http://pathway.iplantcollaborative.org).

Outreach

Meet us at key scientific meetings including Plant Biology, PAG, and Maize Genetics. We also participate in several Research Coordination Networks to understand community needs, and to establish and promote common data exchange formats.

Web Services

- Gramene Mart for custom data dumps
- Public MySQL & DAS servers
- RESTful APIs

Cite Us

Tello-Ruiz *et al* (2021). Gramene 2021: Harnessing the power of comparative genomics and pathways for plant research. NAR 49 (D1): D1452. 10.1093/nar/gkaa979

Contact us

feedback@gramene.org

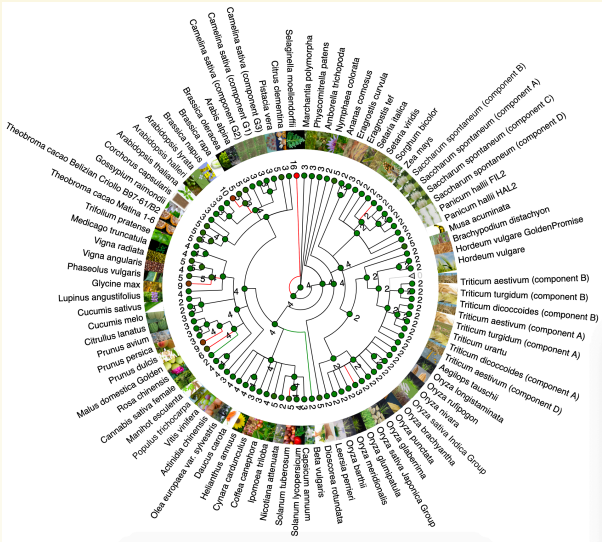
Like our Facebook page!

Twitter @GrameneDatabase

Funding

Current work is being supported by the USDA-ARS #1907-21000-030-00D.

Gramene

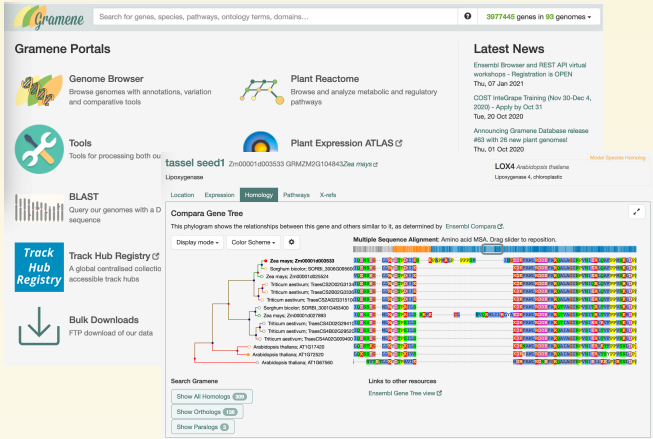


26 new genomes including pineapple, cantaloupe, watermelon, apple, clementine, sweet cherry, marijuana, almond, olive, and pistachio.

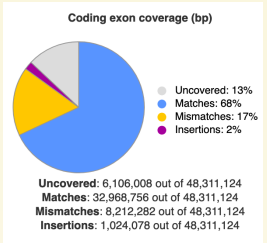
Comparative Genomics Across the Plant Kingdom

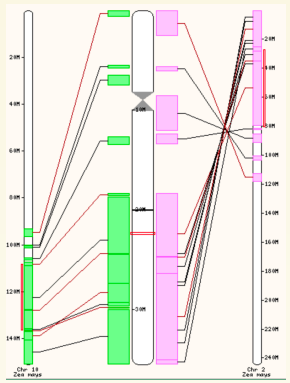
http://www.gramene.org

Gramene continues to grow! Now at 93 reference genomes and pathways for 107 species, including crops, model organisms and lower plants (build 63). Together these serve as a reference resource for comparative analyses, for the broad scientific community, in support of basic and translational research which impact societal interests in food security, energy production, and mitigating the effect of climate change.

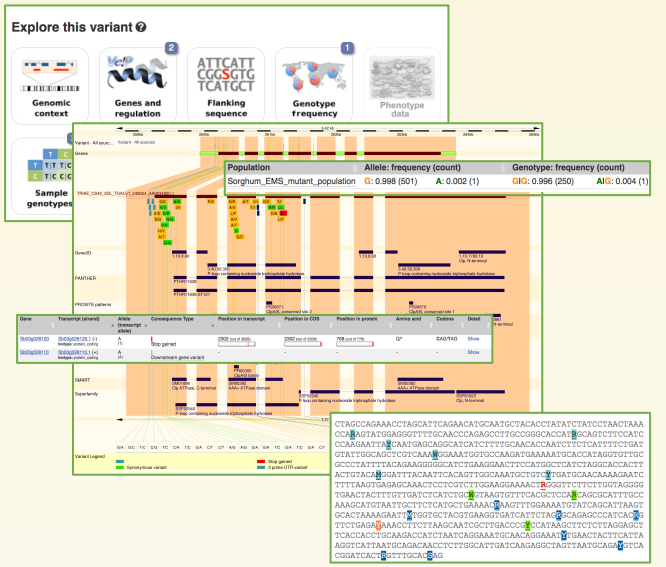


Robust search capabilities include new expression & pathways panels, pruning of gene trees to show selected species, highlighted protein domain structure, and zooming to nucleotide level.





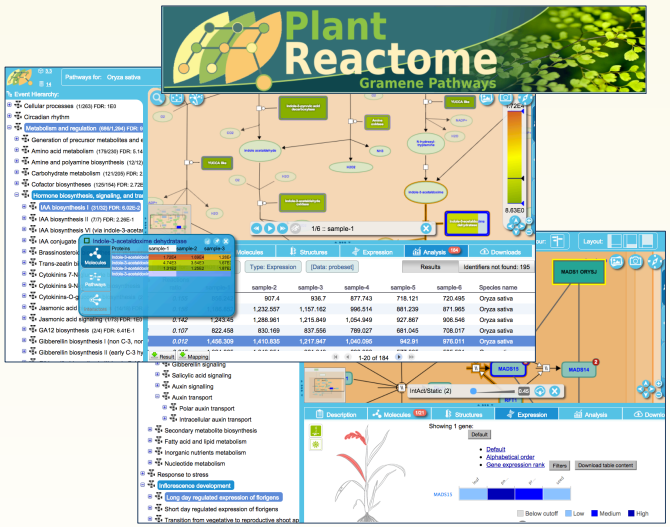
Cereals Comparative Genomics. Browse whole-genome alignments between *O. sativa* Japonica & 66 species (left): exon coverage for rice & grape, and 21 synteny maps



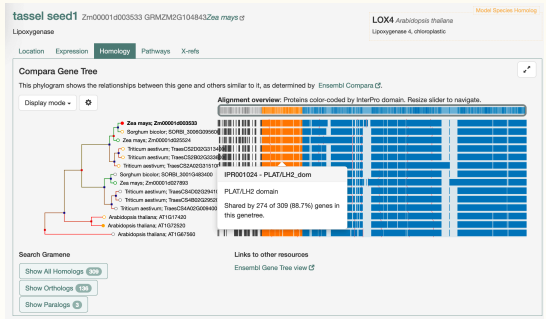
View, mine, and download SNP and structural diversity and their consequence on gene/transcript function. Featured above is EMS-induced variation in sorghum.

Oryza sativa genes	Location		*Zea mays* homologues	Location	
SPH (Os04g0447100)	4:22304995-22309225	→	tassel seed1 (Zm00001d003533)	2:47105187-47109372	Region Comparison
		→	lipoxygenase7 (Zm00001d025524)	10:121268606-121272616	Region Comparison

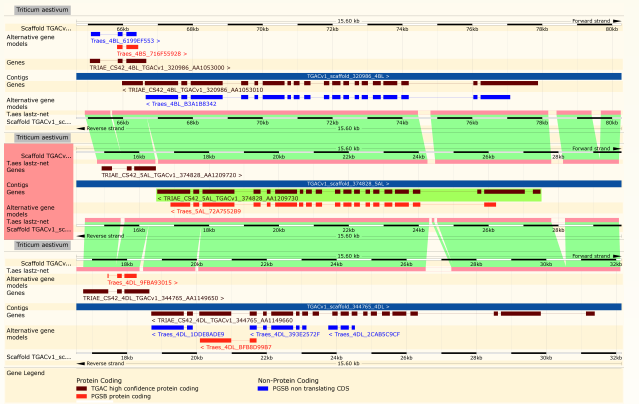
Gene-level co-synteny defines *homeologs* between monocot reference genomes rice chr4 and maize.



PlantReactome hosts curated rice pathways and homology-based projections to 107 species, including three species of *Arabidopsis*, grape, orange, strawberry, banana, tomato, potato, pepper, and coffee. Gene expression views from ATLAS available in both genome and pathway browsers.



Phylogenetic tree view for the *Zea mays* lipoxygenase tasselseed 1, using Gramene's integrated search. Pruning by species is enabled. Protein domains are color-coded showing conservation throughout the eukaryotic lineage.



Wheat polyploid views and whole-genome alignments in the context of gene annotations across multiple species.