



# Gramene—Comparative Plant Genomics & Pathway Resources

**[www.gramene.org](http://www.gramene.org)**

Doreen Ware & Yinping Jiao  
USDA ARS  
Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory  
March 17, 2016

# Outline

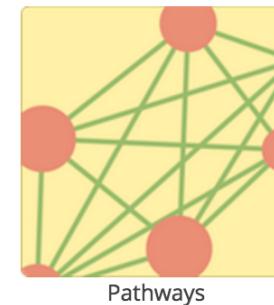
- Background & new development
- Ensembl Browser: Genomes & Trees
- Reactome Browser: Pathways
  - Video
- Maize RefGen V4 Draft Browser
- Sample Exercises on your own

## Navigation

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- Tools

## Recent blog posts

- Gramene book chapter in the Plant Bioinformatics volume of the Methods in Molecular Biology protocols series
- Highlights of the Plant & Animal Genome (PAG) Conference 2016
- Gramene build #50: Planned updates and new data sets
- February 2016 Gramene Webinar: Updates on Plant



## Gramene: A comparative resource for plants

Gramene is a curated, open-source, integrated data resource for comparative functional genomics in crops and model plant species. Our goal is to facilitate the study of cross-species comparisons using information generated from projects supported by public funds. Gramene currently hosts annotated whole genomes in over two dozen plant species and partial assemblies for almost a dozen wild rice species in the Ensembl browser, genetic and physical maps with genes, ESTs and QTLs locations, genetic diversity data sets, structure-function analysis of proteins, plant pathways databases (BioCyc and Plant Reactome platforms), and descriptions of phenotypic traits and mutations.

### Gramene Portals

- **Genome Browser:** Browse gene annotations & diversity data
- **Plant Reactome:** Browse metabolic & regulatory pathways
- **Bulk downloads**
- **Gramene Mart:** Customized data queries

# Outreach



Search

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Home

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More

## Outreach

\*\*Subscribe to Gramene webinars\*\*

### \* Gramene News

- \* Contact Form
- \* Mailing List
- \* Facebook
- \* Videotutorials in Gramene's YouTube channel
- \* Gramene's FTP

### Upcoming Conferences

◀ **Maize Genetics Conference 2016, Jacksonville, FL, USA, March 17-20, 2016**

### Past Conferences

- \* Plant and Animal Genomes 2016 (#pag2016). San Diego, USA; January 9-13, 2016
- \* Plant Genomes & Biotechnology, Cold Spring Harbor, NY, USA; December 2-5, 2015
- \* Genome Informatics, Cold Spring Harbor, NY, USA; October 28-31, 2015
- \* 26th International Conference on Arabidopsis Research (ICAR 2015), Palais des Congres de Paris, Paris, France, July 5-9, 2015
- \* Plant Biology 2015, Minneapolis, MN, July 26-30, 2015
- \* Plants Fascination Day. New York, USA; May 18, 2015
- \* Maize Genetics Conference 2015, St. Charles, Illinois, USA, March 12-15, 2015

# Outreach Wiki

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## Maize 2016 Workshop

### Title

Gramene - Comparative Plant Genomics Database Workshop

### Event Info

[Maize Genetics Conference 2016](#) 

### Date/Time

Thursday, 17 March 2016, 3:30 - 4:30 PM EST

### Venue

Hyatt Regency Jacksonville Riverfront, Daytona Room

### Speakers

Doreen Ware & Yinping Jiao

### Organizers

Marcela Karey Tello-Ruiz & Sushma Naitani

### Assistants

Bo Wang & Lifang Zhang

#### Contents [\[hide\]](#)

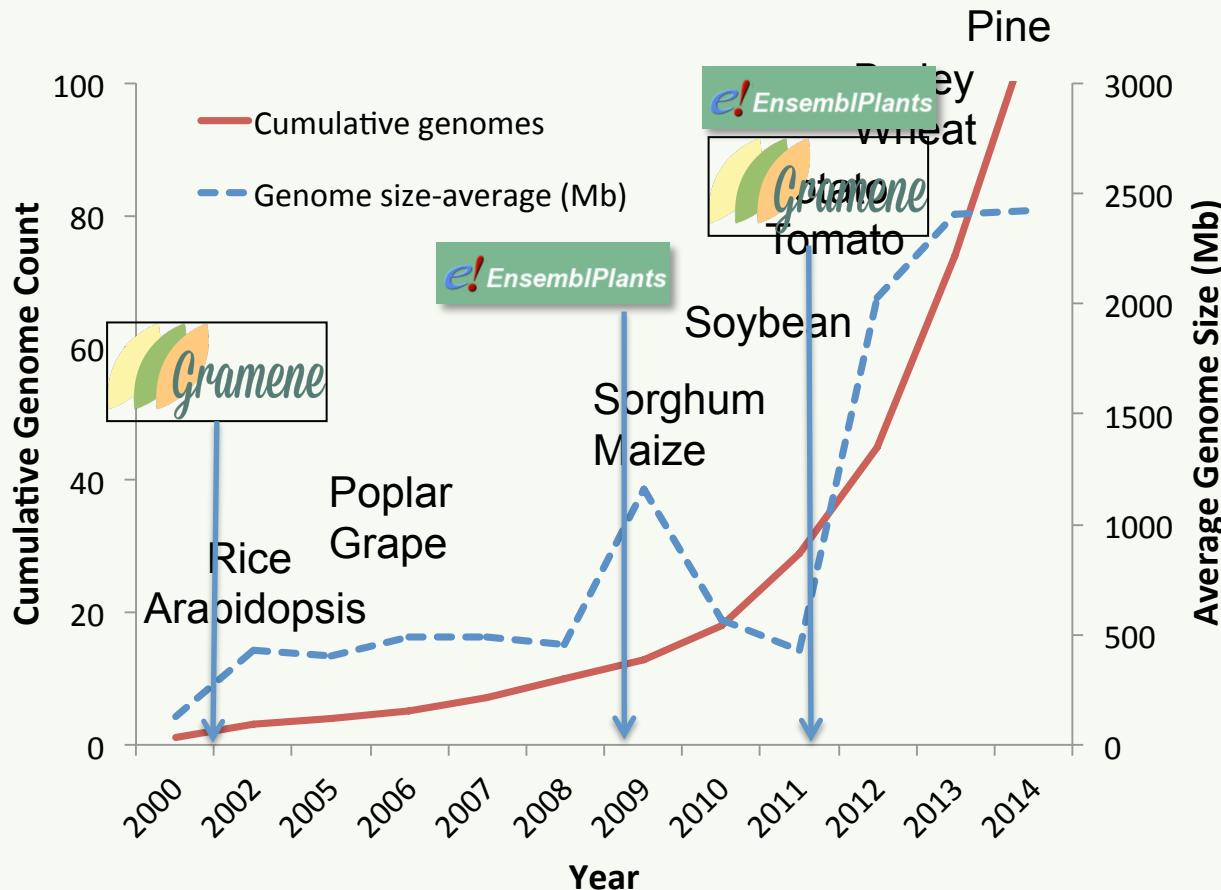
- [1 About the workshop](#)
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## About the workshop

The Gramene database is an integrated resource for comparative genome and functional analysis in plants. The database provides agricultural researchers and plant breeders with valuable biological information on genomes and plant pathways of numerous crops and model species - including maize - thus enabling powerful comparisons across species. During this workshop, we will demonstrate how to

# Progress in Plant Genomics

- Adoption of the Ensembl Platform for Plants
- 100 published genomes
- Gramene genome: Rice a small genome a foundation for knowledge for the other grasses



- Declining cost
- Declining quality

Variation  
Expression  
ENCODE-like  
Metabolomics  
QTL & GWAS

Adapted from Michael & VanBuren (2015) COPB



INTERNATIONAL  
BARLEY  
SEQUENCING  
CONSORTIUM



[www.panzea.org](http://www.panzea.org)

*Whole is greater than the sum of its parts*



University of Padua  
**CRIBI Genomics**



**Brachypodium.org**



Amborella



J. Craig Venter<sup>TM</sup>  
**INSTITUTE**



# Gramene Adds Value to Plant Genomes

Accessioned  
Genomes +  
Community  
Annotation +  
Variation

## Annotation Pipelines

- Repeats/TE's
- Genes
- EST/cDNA
- InterPro domain
- Gene Ontology (GO)
- Variant Effect Prediction

## Comparative Analysis

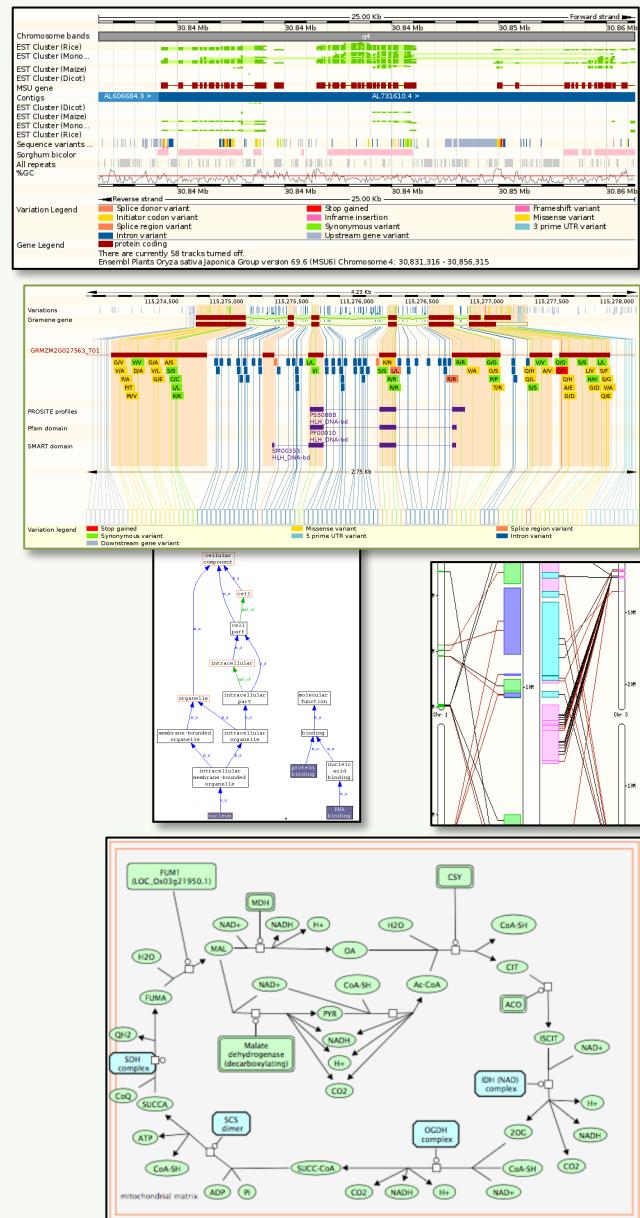
- Whole Genome Alignment
- Phylogenetic Gene Trees
- Ortholog/Paralog calling
- Synteny mapping

## Pathway Curation & Projection

BLAST



Programmatic Access:  
Gramene API  
Ensembl API & RESTFUL interface  
Reactome API & RESTFUL interface  
BioMart  
Public mysql server



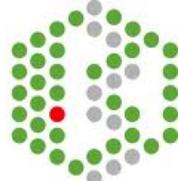
# Transnational collaboration

Doreen Ware



Paul Kersey

EMBL-EBI



Pankaj Jaiswal

**OSU**  
Oregon State  
UNIVERSITY



Robert Petryszak

Lincoln Stein

Genomes

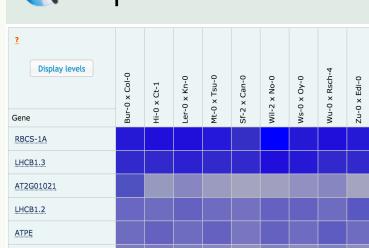
**e! EnsemblPlants**



ATCGAGCT  
ATCCAGCT  
ATCGAGAT

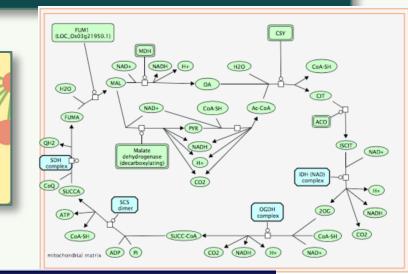
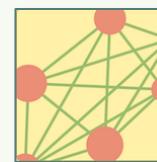
Expression

EMBL-EBI  
**Expression Atlas**



Pathways

**Plant** REACTOME



**REACTOME**

# 2.5 Month Coordinated Release Cycle



## Data Acquisition & Preparation

- Genome assembly & annotation
- Variation
- Other

## Declaration of intentions

### Create New / Update Genome DBs

- Analyses (e.g. InterProScan)
- Variant Effect Predictor
- Cross-reference other databases

~1 week



## Release!

### Gramene releases:

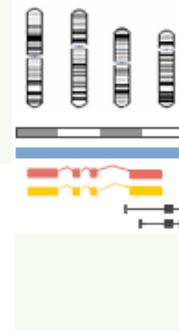
- 2015 June, Aug & Nov; 2016 Jan & Mar

### Plant Reactome updates:

- 2015 Aug & Nov; 2016 Mar

### Comparative Analyses ~1 month

- Whole-Genome Alignments
- Phylogenetic Gene Trees



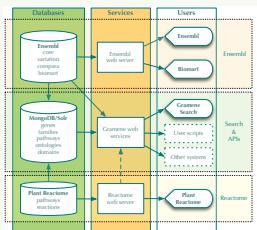
1-2 months

### Update GUIs & Tools

- Software ~1-2 weeks
- Configure Genome Browser & BLAST
- Rebuild Search indexes
- Build Marts for data mining
- Update FTP content
- Update Website

### Pathway Curation & Projection

- Process newly curated *O. sativa Japonica* pathways
- Project pathways to other species using inferred homology



- QA/QC: automated and manual testing
- Generate release notes 1-2 weeks
- Public outreach

## BLAST FTP



## Platform development



# Gramene - Exploring Function through Comparative Genomics and Network Analysis

## NSF IOS 1127112 (2011- 2017)

**Doreen Ware**, PI (USDAARS, CSHL)

Michael Campbell, Kapeel Chougule, **Yinping Jiao**, Sunita Kumari, **Joe Mulvaney**, **Andrew Olson**, **Joshua Stein**, Jim Thomason, **Bo Wang**, **Sharon Wei**, Peter van Buren, **Marcela K. Tello-Ruiz** (Project Coordinator)

**Pankaj Jaiswal**, Co-PI (OSU)

Noor Al-Bader, Justin Elser, Matthew Geniza, Parul Gupta, **Justin Preece**, **Sushma Naithani**

**Paul Kersey / Robert Petryszky** (EMBL-EBI)

Dan Bolser, Christopher Grabmuller, Chuang Kee Ong, Dan Staines, Brandon Walts / Elisabet Barrera, Maria Keays, Oliver Mannion, Nuno Fonseca, Laura Huerta Martinez

**Lincoln Stein** (OICR)

Peter D' Eustachio (NYU); Guanming Wu, Robin Haw, Joel Weiser, Sheldon McKay; Antonio Fabregat (EBI)

**Crispin Taylor** (ASPB)

Patty Lockhart; Weijia Xu (TACC), Amit Gupta(TACC)



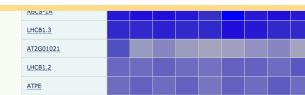
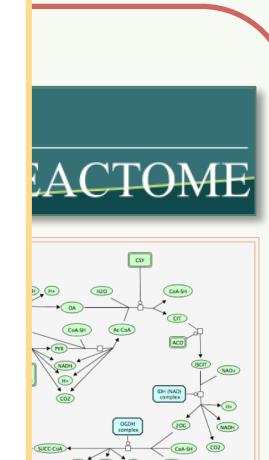
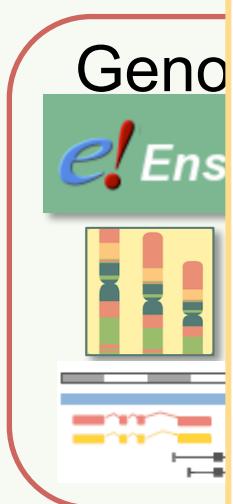
# What is in Gramene?



Best-in-class tools

but **siloed**

How to integrate?



# Goals of Search Interface

- Search all Gramene data
- Enable powerful, expressive searches
- Provide useful summaries and visualizations
- REALLY FAST
- Above all, SIMPLICITY

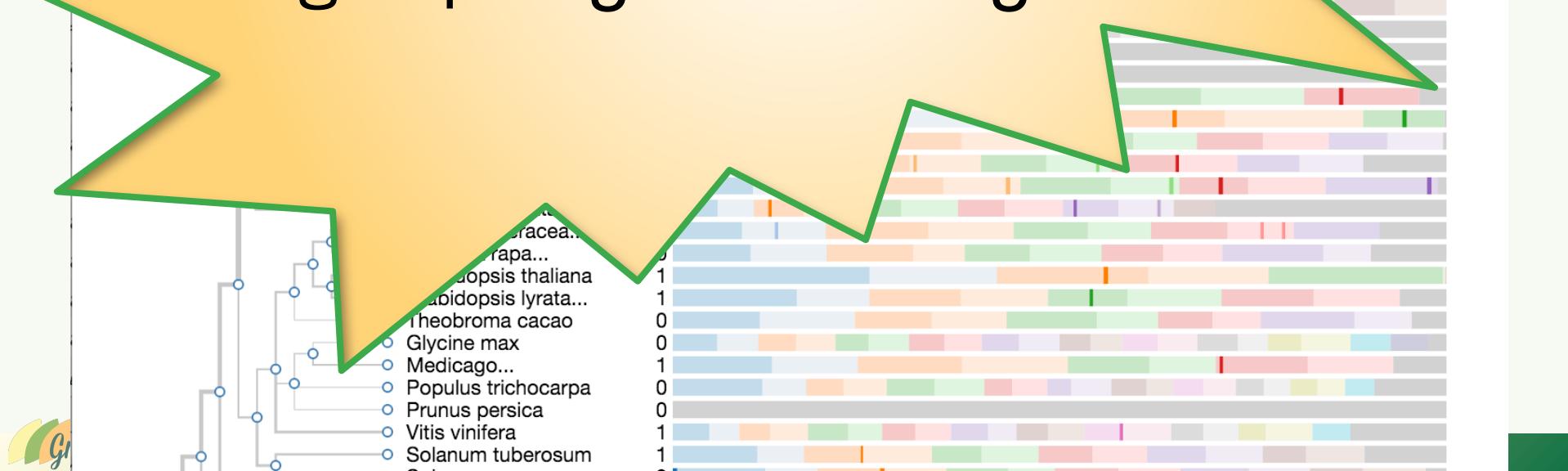
# Composed Query



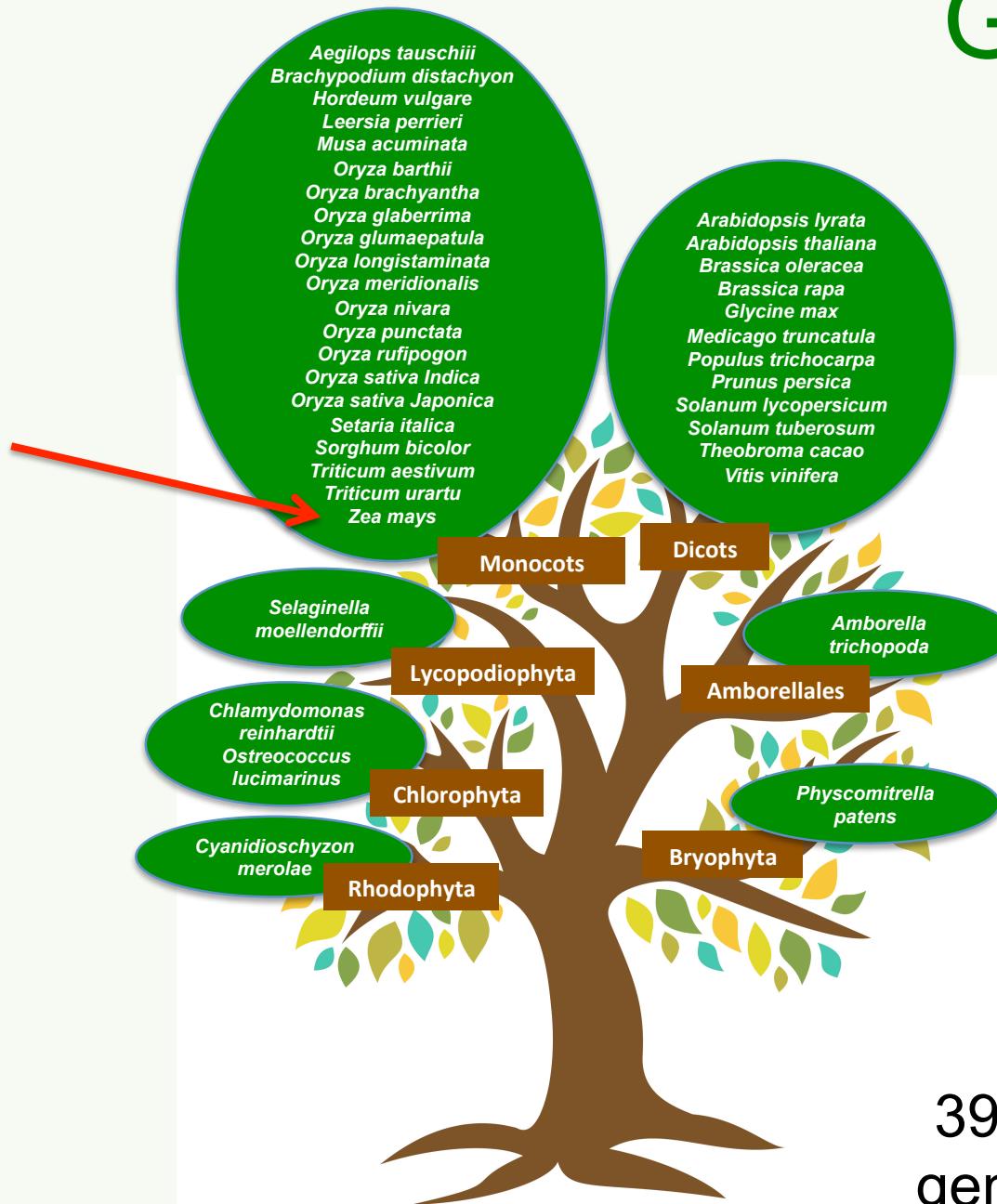
Beta testers  
wanted!



Sign up at [gramene.org/beta](http://gramene.org/beta)

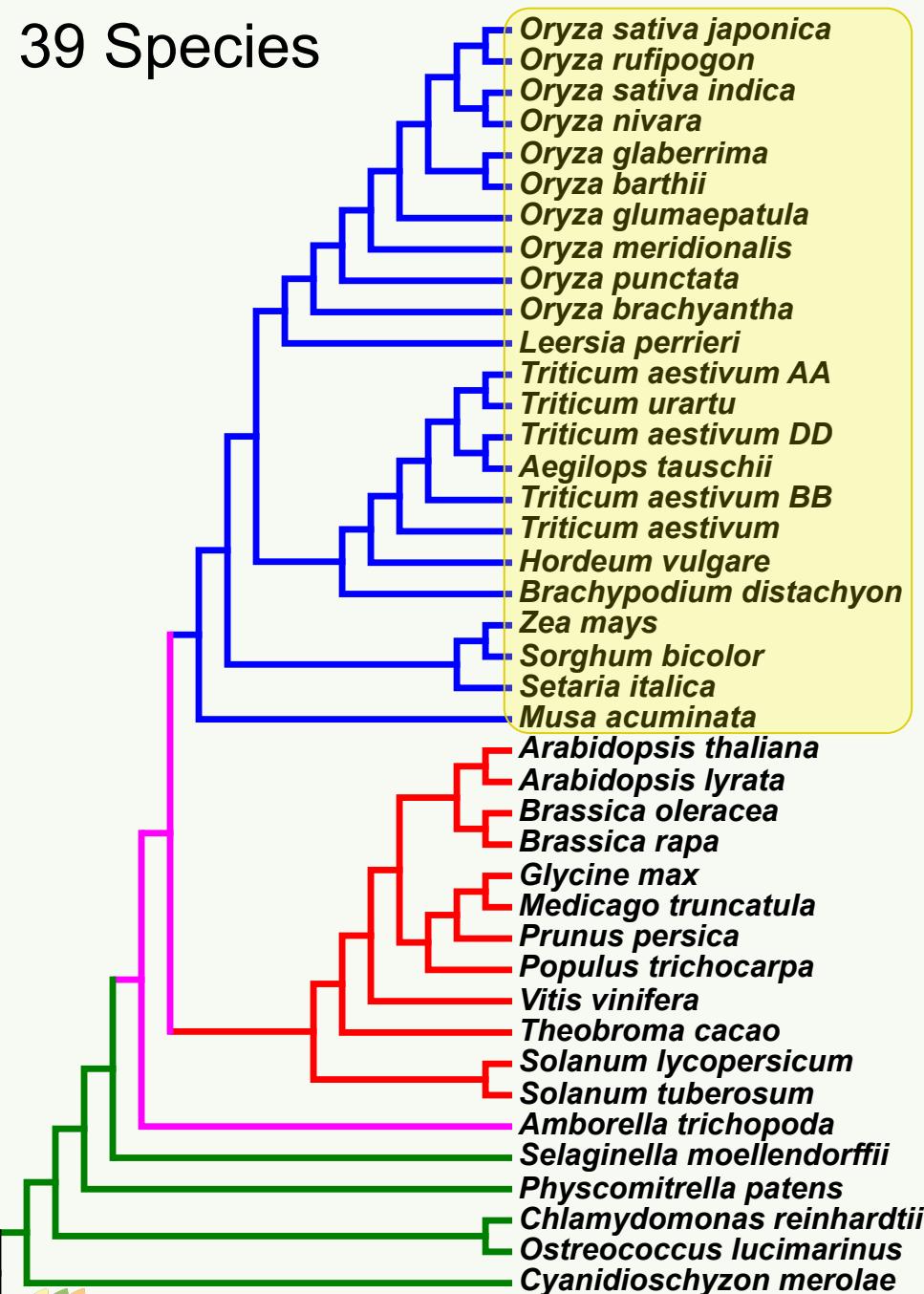


# Genomes



39 plant reference genomes in build 49

39 Species



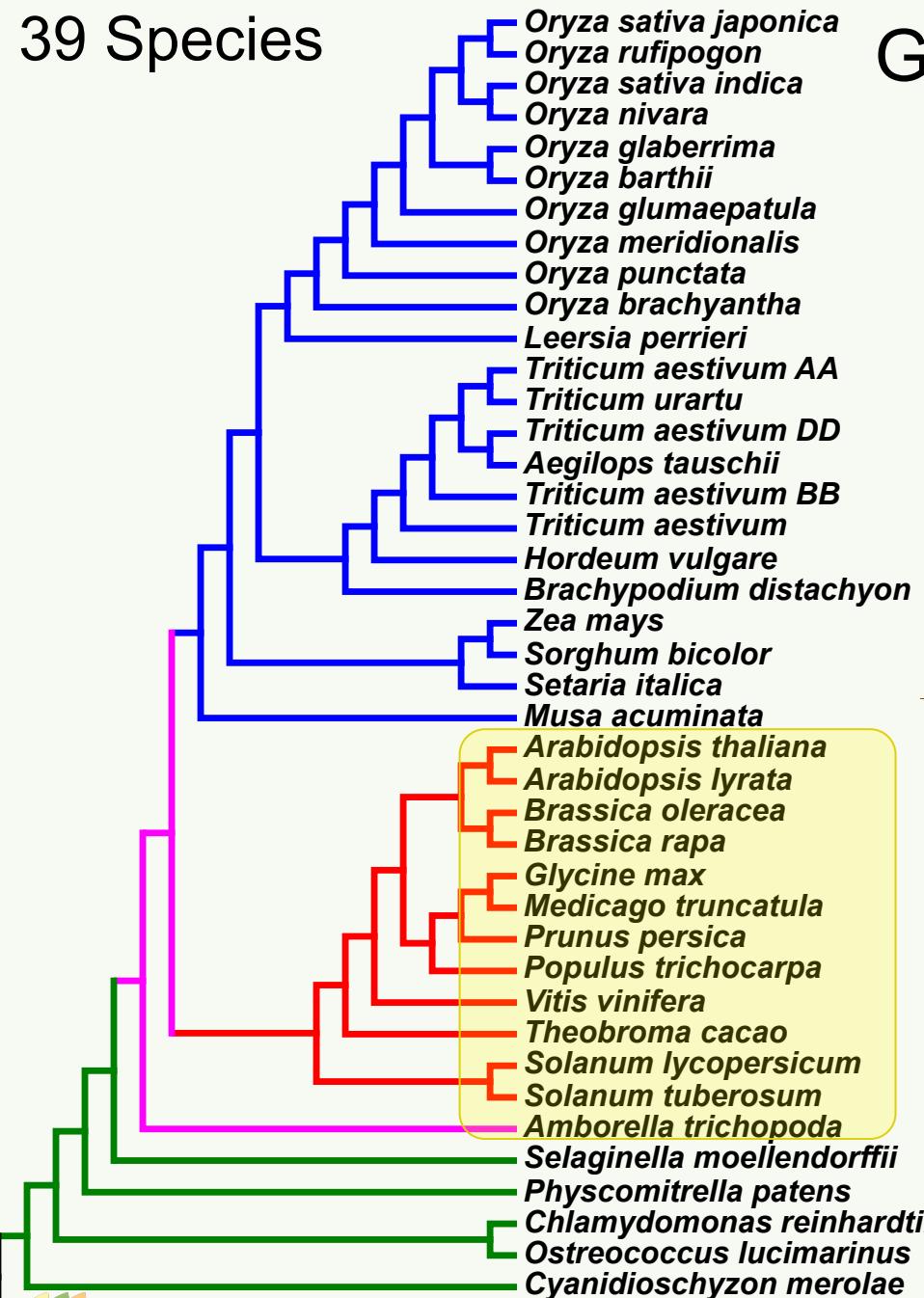
# Gramene Genome Portfolio

21 Monocots



Models  
Crops  
Progenitors

39 Species



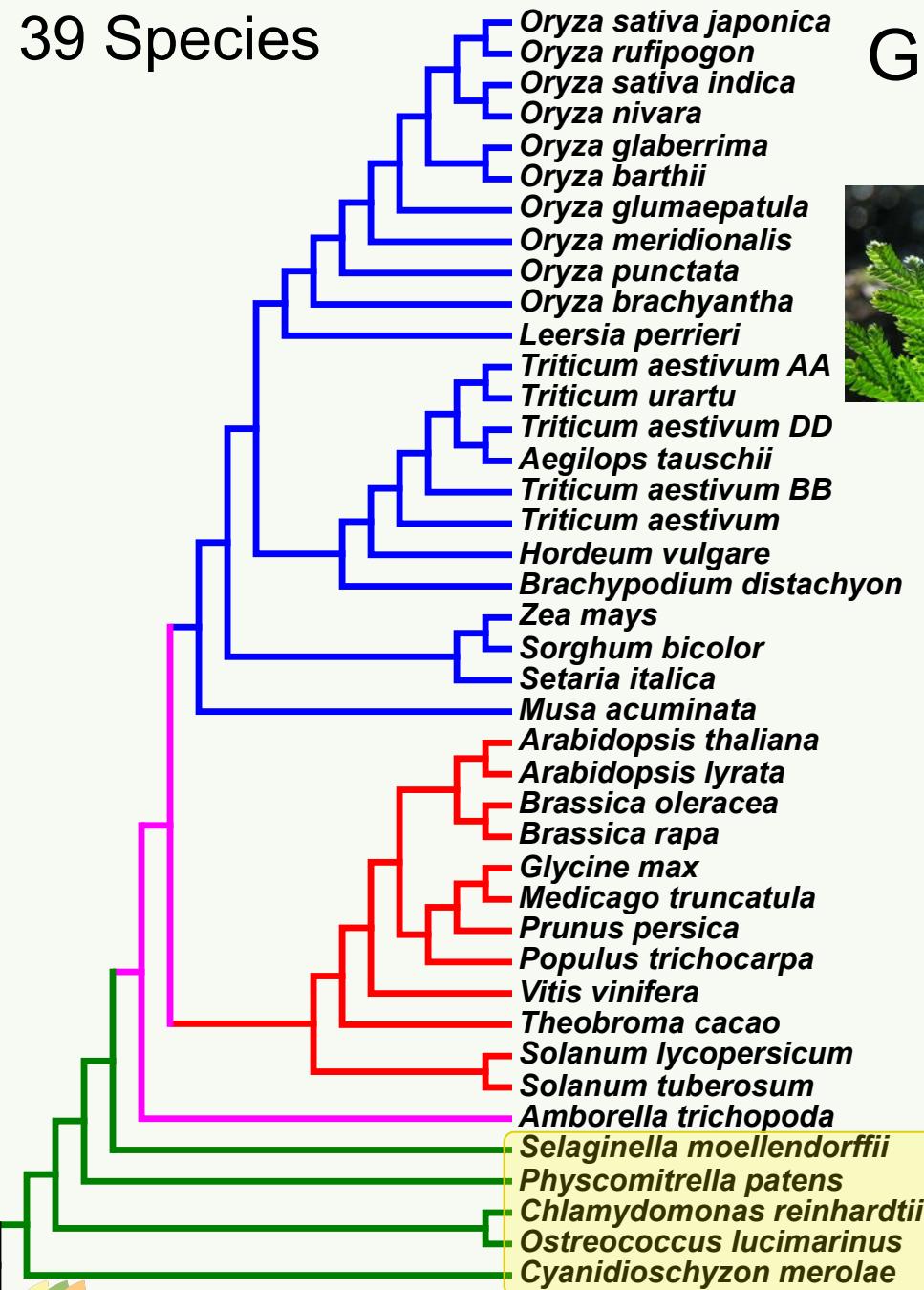
# Gramene Genome Portfolio

12 Core Eudicots

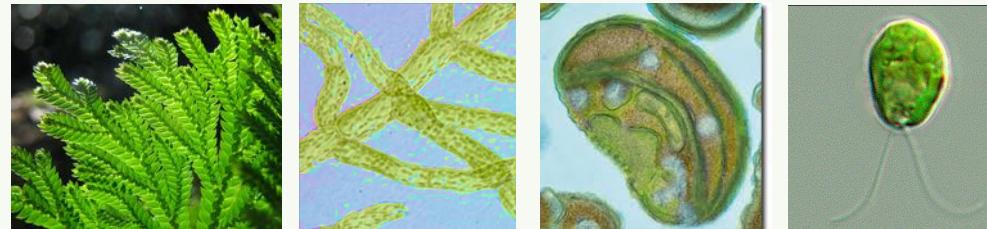
1 Basal angiosperm



# 39 Species



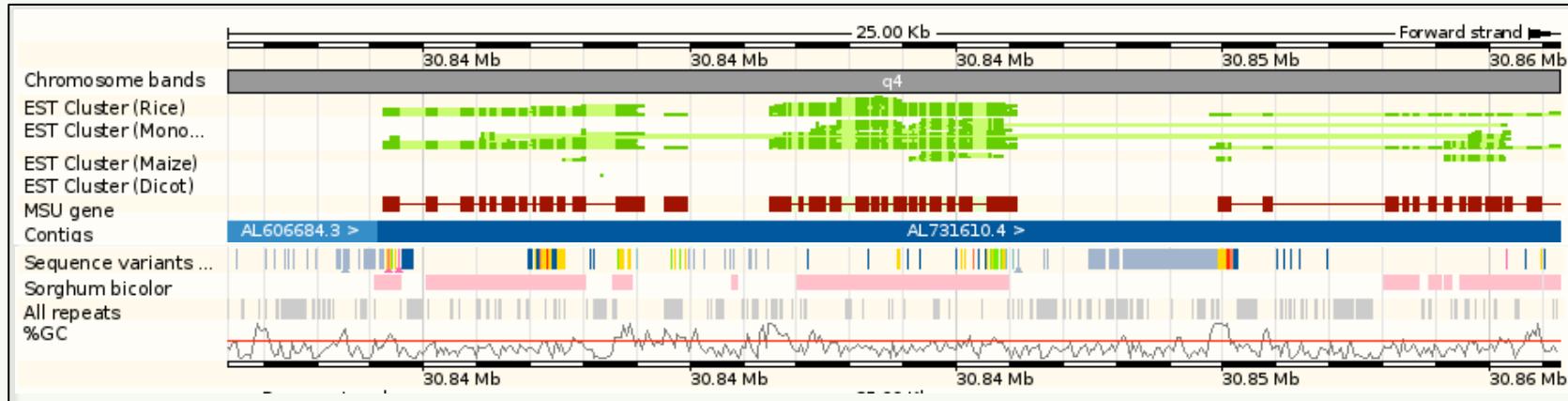
# Gramene Genome Portfolio



5 Lower plants



# Genome Browsers



- Assembly structure and sequence
- Genes
- Expression
- Comparative alignments
- Genetic markers
- Variation
- Repeats & transposable elements
- Regulatory & Epigenetic marks

## Baseline Annotation

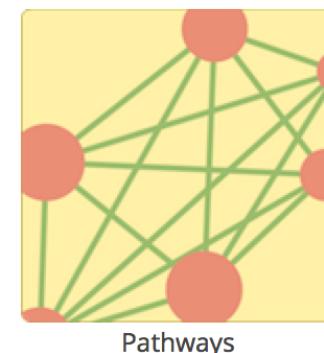
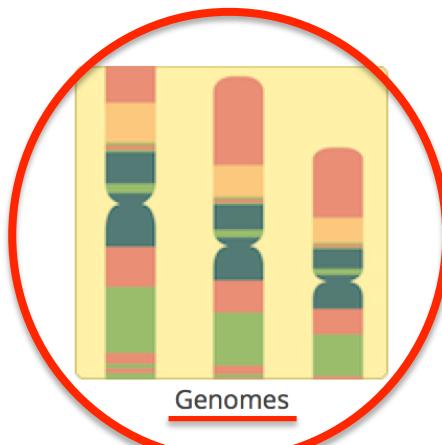
- Transposon discovery
- Gene prediction
- EST Alignment

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## Gramene Portals

- **Genome Browser:** Browse gene annotations & diversity data
- **Plant Reactome:** Browse metabolic & regulatory pathways
- **Bulk downloads**
- **Gramene Mart:** Customized data queries
- **BLAST:** Align DNA & protein sequences
- **Pathways databases:** BioCyc based cellular metabolic networks for 10 plant species
- ARCHIVE - Markers, Proteins and Ontology databases, QTLs, Comparative Maps



Search:  All species

Favourite species

- [Arabidopsis thaliana](#)
- [Oryza sativa Japonica](#)
- [Triticum aestivum](#)
- [Hordeum vulgare](#)
- [Zea mays](#)
- [Physcomitrella patens](#)

for

## Popular genomes



**Arabidopsis**  
TAIR10



**Triticum aes**  
IWGSC1.0+popset



**Zea mays**  
AGPV3

[Log in to customize](#)

## All genomes

-- Select a species --

Favourite species

- [Arabidopsis thaliana](#)
- [Oryza sativa Japonica](#)
- [Triticum aestivum](#)
- [Hordeum vulgare](#)
- [Zea mays](#)
- [Physcomitrella patens](#)

Liliopsida

- [Aegilops tauschii](#)
- [Brachypodium distachyon](#)
- [Hordeum vulgare](#)
- [Leersia perrieri](#)
- [Musa acuminata](#)
- [Oryza barthii](#)
- [Oryza brachyantha](#)
- [Oryza glaberrima](#)
- [Oryza glumaepatula](#)
- [Oryza longistaminata](#)
- [Oryza meridionalis](#)
- [Oryza nivara](#)
- [Oryza punctata](#)
- [Oryza rufipogon](#)
- [Oryza sativa Indica](#)
- [Oryza sativa Japonica](#)
- [Ostrococcus lucimarinus](#)
- [Physcomitrella patens](#)
- [Populus trichocarpa](#)
- [Prunus persica](#)
- [Selaginella moellendorffii](#)
- [Setaria italica](#)
- [Solanum lycopersicum](#)
- [Solanum tuberosum](#)
- [Sorghum bicolor](#)
- [Theobroma cacao](#)
- [Triticum aestivum](#)

[Updated protein](#)

[New features](#)

for

**Oryza sativa Japonica**  
IRGSP-1.0

## Updated assembly for wheat

The [bread wheat assembly](#) in Gramene from release 45 onwards has been updated by ordering the existing [Chromosome Survey Sequence \(CSS\)](#) contigs into chromosomal pseudomolecules. This was done using anchoring data from high marker density population sequencing (POPSEQ) generated by [Chapman et al \(2015\)](#).

The resulting set of chromosomes have been combined with the IWGSC's BAC by BAC assembly and annotation of chromosome 3B, generated by the [GDEC](#) group at INRA (Paux et al, 2008), which replaces the CSS-derived assembly and annotation of 3B.

The new assembly is available [here](#). Annotating the new assembly with GDEC models is projected to the chromosome GDEC-derived models have names are viewable as an additional

s into chromosomal corporates 261,251 unanchored

, Muñoz-Amatriaín M, Close TJ, Stein N, Waugh R (2013). Anchoring . The Plant Journal 76(4):718-727.

halak M, Kianian S, Spielmeyer W, Appels R, Safar J, Simkova H, bread wheat chromosome 3B.

[BLAST](#) [BioMart](#) [Tools](#) [Downloads](#) [Help](#) [Feedback](#)



# Zea mays

**Zea mays**

Data Source [MaizeSequence.org](#) | Taxonomy ID 4577

or 1:8001-18000 or Carboxypeptidase

notations

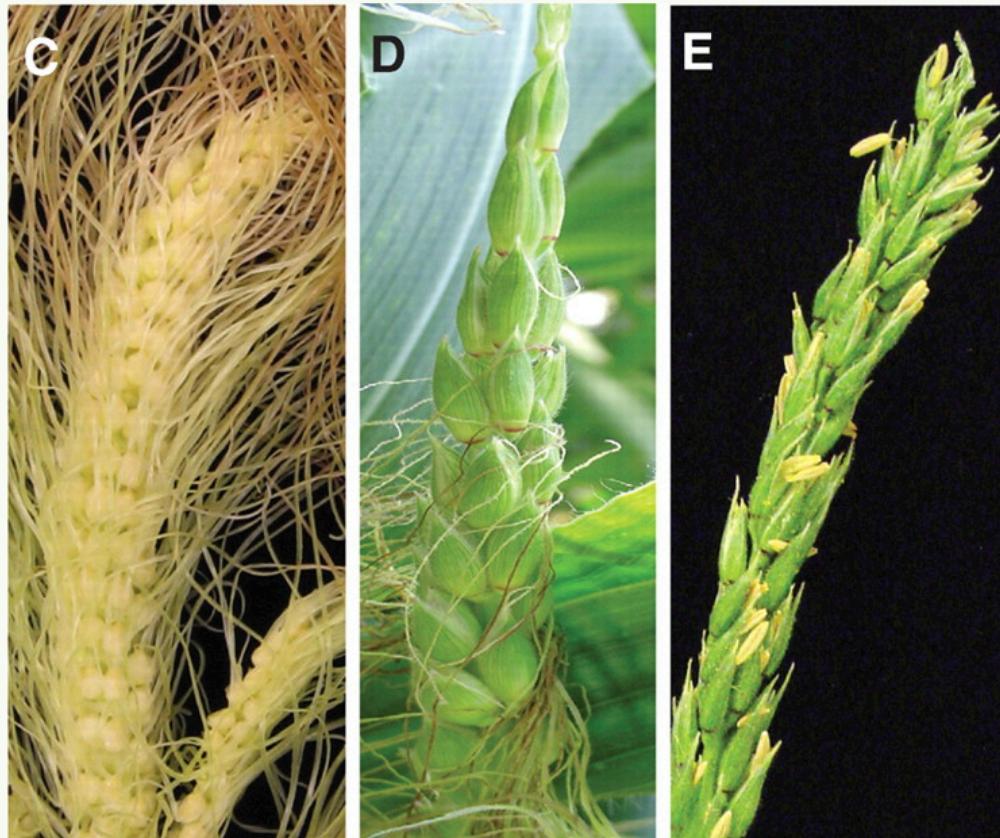
[codon](#) introduced in  
Sb03g028120)

test InterProScan



This work is a joint project between [EnsemblGenomes](#) at the [European Bioinformatics Institute](#) and the group of [Doreen Ware](#) at the [Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory](#), who have developed the [Gramene](#) database, a resource for plant comparative genomics based on Ensembl technology. A common set of

# Example: *tasselseed1* (*ts1*) encodes LOX8



- Acosta *et al* (2009) positionally cloned & functionally characterized *ts1*
- *ts1* encodes LOX8
- LOX8 is a lipoxygenase affecting jasmonic acid (JA) signaling in sex determination

[Acosta \*et al\* \(2009\)](#). [Science](#) 323:262.

(C) Blank-treated mutant *ts1* tassel. (D) JA-treated *ts1* tassel. (E) JA-treated *ts2* tassel.

# Navigating Ensembl Browsers

The screenshot shows the Gramene Ensembl browser interface for Zea mays. At the top, there are links for BLAST, BioMart, Tools, Downloads, Help, and Feedback. A search bar on the right says "Search Zea mays...". Below the header, the location is set to "Location: 2:45,820,738-45,825,106". The gene "GRMZM2G104843" and transcript "LOX8" are highlighted, with a variation "PZE0245647431" also shown. A red arrow points from the variation label to a callout box on the right.

**Region in detail**

A red arrow points from the "Region in detail" link in the sidebar to a detailed genomic track for GRMZM2G104843. This track shows the gene structure across contigs ctg74, ctg78, ctg82, and ctg86. A tooltip for the GRMZM2G104843 transcript is shown, listing details like Novel transcript, Gene ID, Working, Gene Set, Gene GC, Location, Gene type, Strand, Analysis, and Prediction method. Another red arrow points from the "Rejected loci" section in the sidebar to the same tooltip.

**Click on a feature to get more information**

A red arrow points from the "Click on a feature to get more information" text at the bottom left to a specific feature in the genomic track, likely a protein coding region for LOX8.

**5 views: Species, Location, Gene, Transcript & Variation**

This callout box summarizes the five main views available in the browser: Species, Location, Gene, Transcript, and Variation.

# Configuring Browser Views

The screenshot shows the Gramene genome browser interface. On the left, a sidebar lists various genomic data sources: Resequencing, Linkage Data, Markers, Other genome browsers, Phytozome, and a section for "Configure this page". A red circle highlights the "Configure this page" option, and a red arrow points from this circle to a larger callout box containing the text: "Click on ‘Configure this image’ symbol". Another red arrow points from the "Configure this page" section to a specific track in the main genome viewer.

In the main genome viewer area, a track for "B73\_CpG\_ratio" is selected. A context menu is open over this track, with the text: "Mouse over track name & configure symbol". The menu includes options to "Change track style:" with checkboxes for "Off", "Wiggle plot", "Gradient", and "P-value". Below these, there are color-coded legends for "protein coding" (red), "< LOX8 protein coding" (green), and "< GRMZM2G105542\_T01 protein coding" (blue).

The bottom of the interface features a navigation bar with "Scroll:", "Track height:", "Drag/Select:", and "Forward strand" controls, along with a "Gene Legend" and a "Location" input field set to "2:45809642-45885359".

# Select tracks to show on the Genome browser

Zea mays ▾ Location: 2:45,820,996-45,824,901 Gene: GRMZM2G104843 Transcript: LOX8 Variation: PZE0245647847

**Location-based displays**

- Whole genome
- Chromosome
- Region details
- Region browser
- Comparative genomics
  - Alignments
  - Alignments
  - Regions
  - Synteny
- Genetic markers
  - Resequencing
  - Linkage
- Markers
- Other genomic data
- Phylogenetic tree

**Configure Region Image** **Configure Overview Image** **Configure Chromosome Image** **Personal Data**

**mRNA and protein alignments**

**Enable/disable all tracks**

- EST Cluster (Arabidopsis)
- EST Cluster (Dicot)
- EST Cluster (Maize)
- EST Cluster (Monocot)
- EST Cluster (Rice)
- Maize EST
- cDNA

**Enable/disable all mRNA alignments**

- EST
- External rpd1\_nascent\_RNA\_unique
- External rpd1\_nascent\_RNA\_unique

**Change track style**

- Off
- Normal
- Unlimited
- Coverage only

**Key**

- Forward strand
- Reverse strand
- Favourite track
- Track information

Please note that the content of external tracks is not the responsibility of the Ensembl project.

URL-based or DAS tracks may either slow down your ensembl browsing experience OR may be unavailable as these are served and stored from other servers elsewhere on the Internet.

Contigs mRNA alignments < AC210825.3-Contig65

# Maize V3 data (genome browser)

- RefGen v3 assembly & gene annotation
- MAKER-P gene models
- Variation: HapMap2 & Panzea 2.7 GBS
- B73 & Mo17 methylome (Regulski *et al*, 2013)
- Nascent transcriptomes (Erhard *et al*, 2015)
- Long non-coding RNAs (Li *et al*, 2014)
- GeneChip maize genome array
- 186 orthology-based projected pathways in Plant Reactome (506 reactions & 925 gene products)

# Maize V3

Zea mays (AGPv3) ▾ Jobs ▾



## Zea mays

Zea mays

Data Source [MaizeSequence.org](#) ⓘ | Taxonomy ID 4577 ⓘ

Search Zea mays...

e.g. **bt1** or **1:8001-18000** or **Carboxypeptidase**

### About Zea mays

*Zea mays* (maize) has the highest world-wide production of all grain crops, yielding 875 million tonnes in 2012 (<http://faostat.fao.org/>). Although a food staple in many regions of the world, most is used for animal feed and ethanol fuel. Maize was domesticated from wild teosinte in Central America and its cultivation spread throughout the Americas by Pre-Columbian civilizations. In addition to its economic value, maize is an important model organism for studies in plant genetics, physiology, and development. It has a large genome of about 2.4 gigabases with a haploid chromosome number of 10 (Schnable *et al.*, 2009; Zhang *et al.*, 2009). Maize is distinguished from other grasses in that its genome arose from an ancient tetraploidy event unique to its lineage.

More information and statistics

### Genome assembly: AGPv3 ⓘ

More information and statistics

Download DNA sequence (FASTA)

Convert your data to AGPv3 ⓘ coordinates

Display your data in Ensembl Plants



Example region

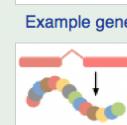
### Gene annotation

What can I find? Protein-coding and non-coding genes, splice variants, cDNA and protein sequences, non-coding RNAs.

More about this genebuild

Download genes, cDNAs, ncRNA, proteins - FASTA - GFF3

Update your old Ensembl IDs



Example transcript

### Comparative genomics

What can I find? Homologues, gene trees, and whole genome alignments across multiple species.



Example gene tree

More about comparative analyses

Download alignments (EMF)

Genomic alignments [4] [Show»]

Syntenies [2] [Show»]

ATCGAGCT  
ATCCAGCT  
ATCGAGAT

Example variant

### Variation

What can I find? Short sequence variants.

More about variation in Zea mays

More about variation in Ensembl Plants

Download all variants - GVF - VCF - VEP

Variant Effect Predictor



### Regulation

What can I find? Microarray annotations.

More about regulation in Zea mays

More about the Ensembl Plants microarray annotation strategy

### Links

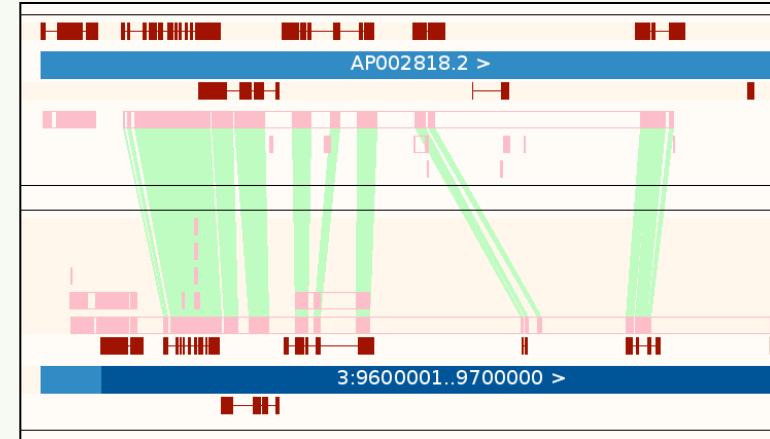
- [MaizeSequence.org FTP site](#)
- [MaizeGDB - Look here for RefGen v2 on the generic genome browser](#) ⓘ

# Comparative Phylogenomics

*Reconstructing evolutionary histories*

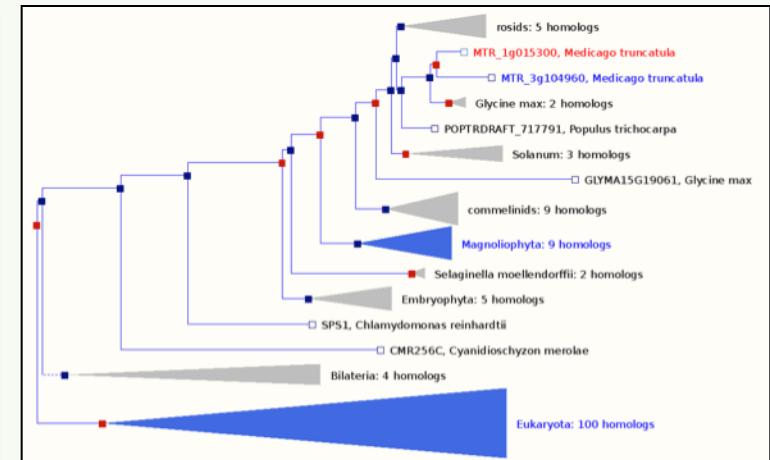
## Whole Genome DNA Alignment

- Pairwise alignments
- B/LASTZ-CHAIN-NET method



## Phylogenetic Gene Trees

- Infers orthologs and paralogs
- Taxonomic dating
- Synteny maps



Vilella A.J., et al. (2008). *Genome Res.* doi:10.1101/gr.073585.107

Schwartz S et al., *Genome Res.*;13(1):103-7, Kent WJ et al., *Proc Natl Acad Sci USA.*, 2003;100(20):11484-9

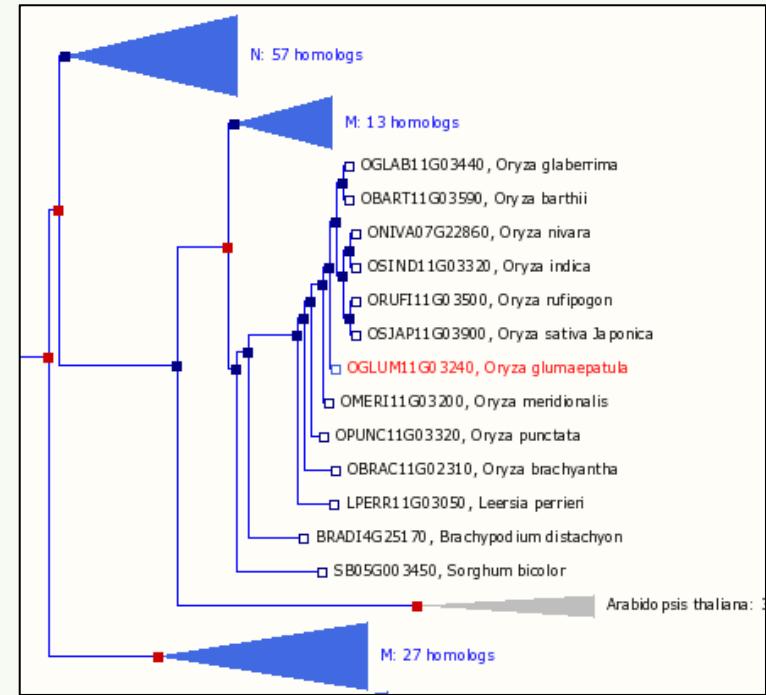
[http://useast.ensembl.org/info/docs/compara/homology\\_method.html](http://useast.ensembl.org/info/docs/compara/homology_method.html)

# Ensembl Compara Gene Trees

Sharon Wei (CSHL)

## Phylogenetic Gene Trees

- Gene “family” clusters
- Protein & CDS MSA
- 5 Different tree-build methods
  - ML-protein-WAG, ML-phylml-codon(HKY), NJ-codon-p-distance, NJ-codon-dS, NJ-codon-dN
- Consensified by TreeBest
- Infers orthologs and paralogs
- Taxonomic dating



Vilella A.J., et al. (2008). *Genome Res.* doi:10.1101/gr.073585.107

[http://useast.ensembl.org/info/docs/compara/homology\\_method.html](http://useast.ensembl.org/info/docs/compara/homology_method.html)

Heng Li. TreeBest: <https://github.com/muffato/treebest>



# Maize-specific gene expansions

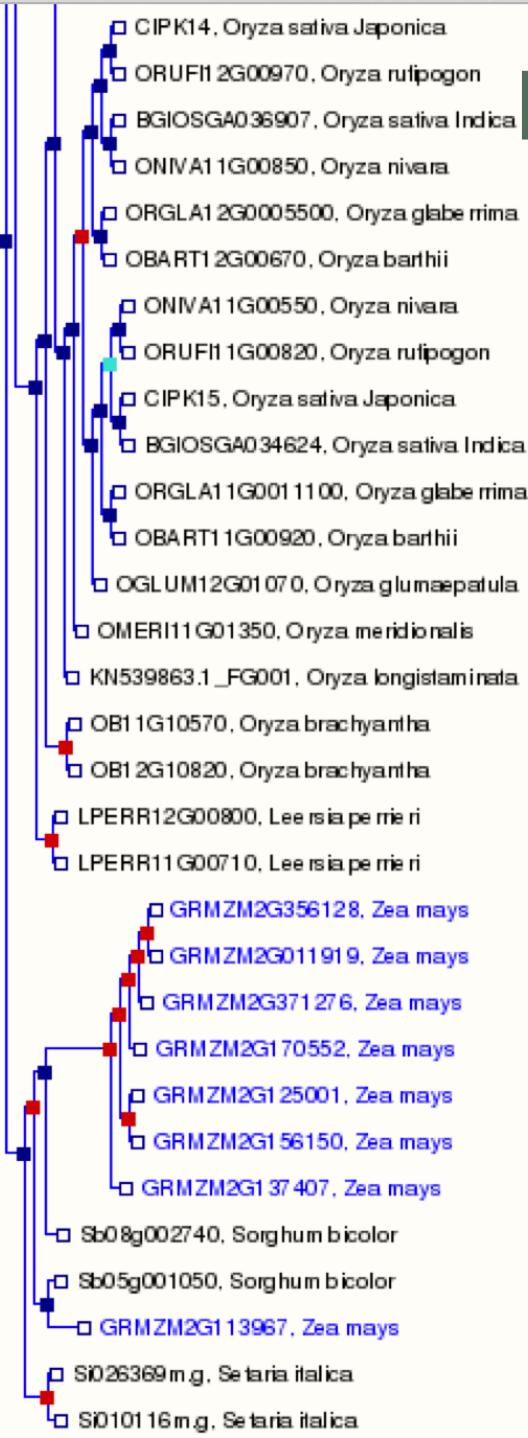
## Example 1

- Calcium-dependent (calmodulin-like) protein kinase
- Orthologous group is single-copy in other grass species
- Expanded to 7 unlinked copies in maize
- Possible functions in stress response, growth and development

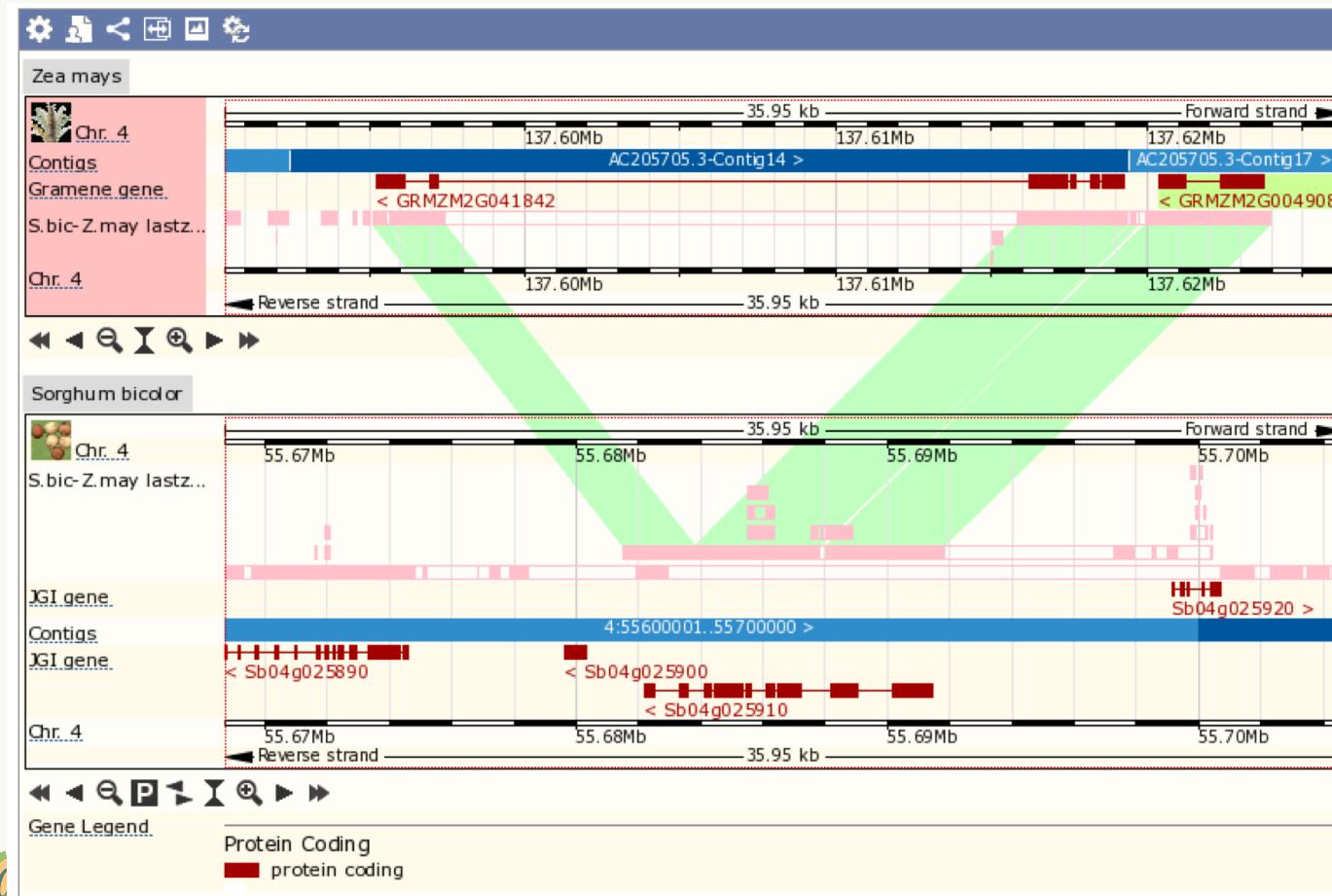
# Maize-specific gene expansions

## Example 2

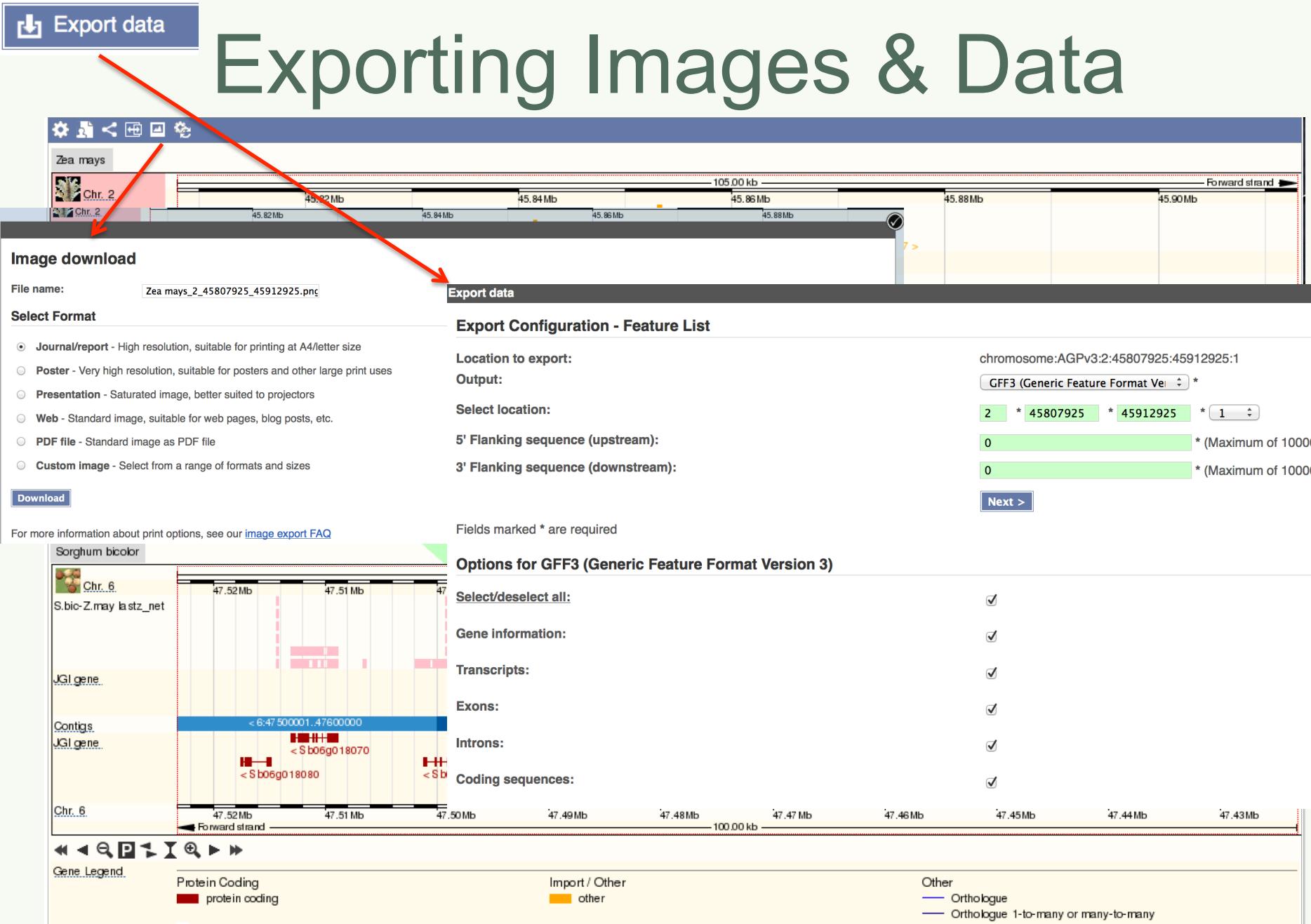
- CBL-interacting protein kinase
- Orthologous group is low copy in other grasses
- Expanded to 7 unlinked copies in maize
- Arabidopsis ortholog SOS2 involved in Na<sup>+</sup> and K<sup>+</sup> homeostasis



# Split gene model

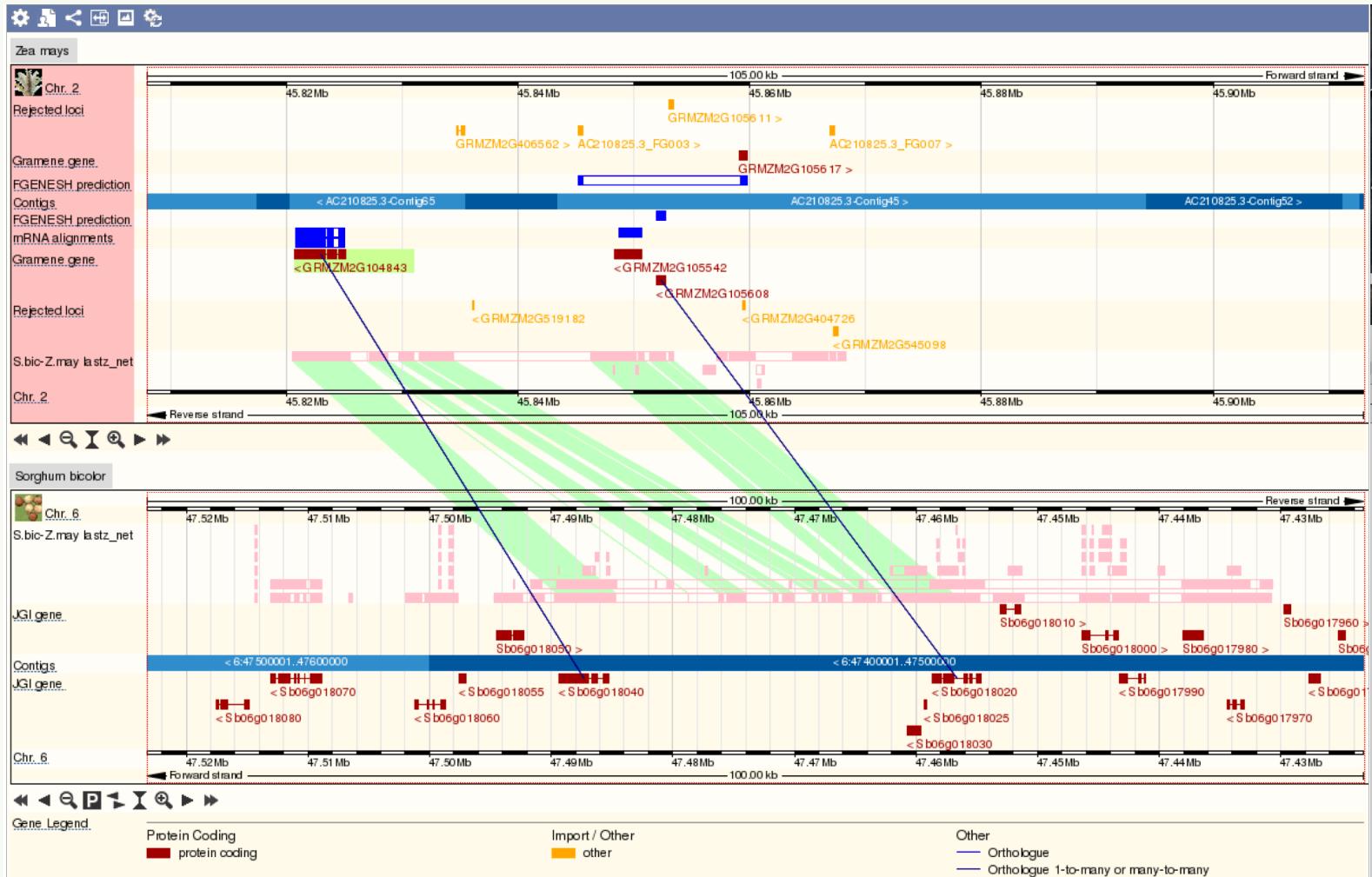


Mis-annotated  
gene model  
spans 2  
contigs

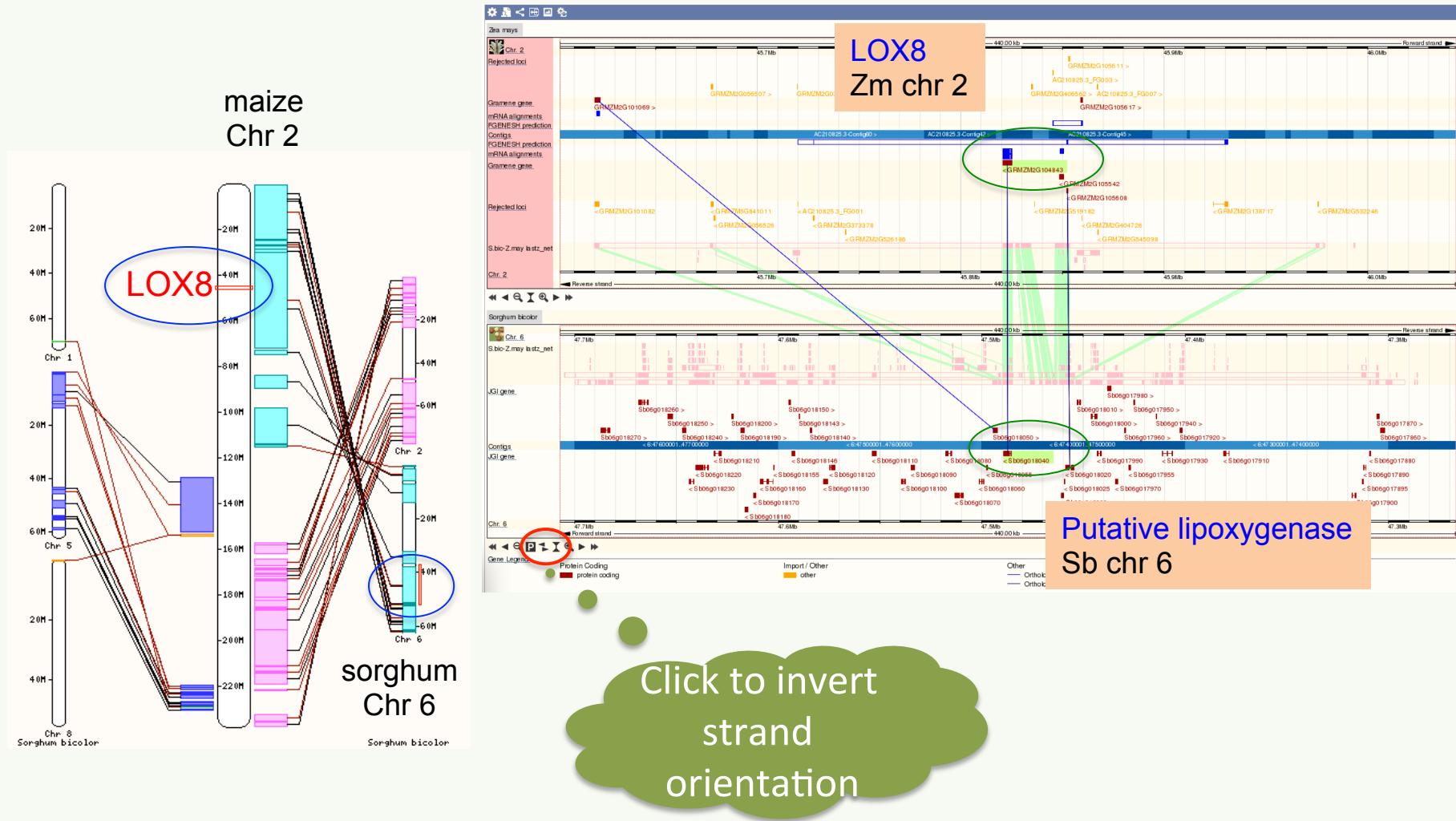


# Whole Genome Alignments

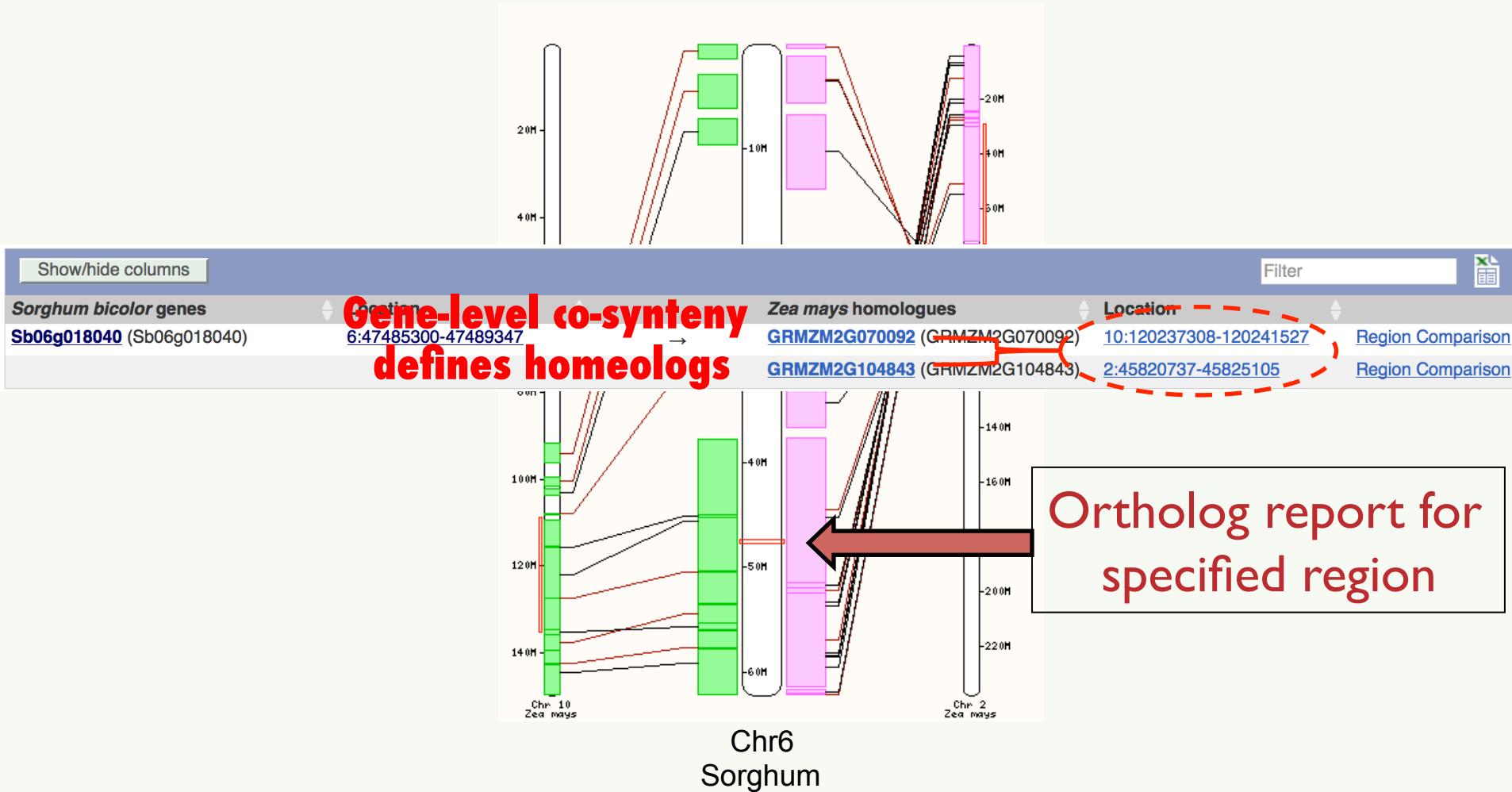
- Structural variation
- Conserved non-coding



# Synteny & orthologous region comparison



# Browse Homoeologous Regions From Ancient Polyploidy



# Ensembl Diversity Databases



- Variant Effect Prediction (VEP)
  - Classifies SNPs based on predicted effect on transcript using Sequence Ontology terms
- Display individual genotypes and population frequencies

<b>intron_variant</b>
<b>missense_variant</b>
<b>synonymous_variant</b>
<b>stop_gained</b>
<b>stop_lost</b>
<b>splice_donor_variant</b>
<b>splice_acceptor_variant</b>
<b>initiator_codon_variant</b>
<b>stop_retained_variant</b>

# Viewing Variation Data

**Variations**

**GRMZM2G104843\_T01 LOX8**

**Gene3D**: 120.245.10, 3.10.450.60, 4.10.372.10 Lipoxygenase, domain 3, 4.10.375.10

**PANTHER**: PTHR11771\_SF38 Lipoxygenase, PTHR11771 Lipoxygenase, PTHR11771 Lipoxygenase

**PZ0245647847 SNP**

**PROSITE patterns**

**PROSITE profiles**: PS51393 Lipoxygenase

**Original source**: HapMap2

**Alleles**: C/A Ambiguity code: M

**Location**: Chromosome 2:45821664 (forward strand) | [View in location tab](#)

**Zea mays, Sorghum bicolor**

- Synonyms: Panzea\_2.7GBS S2\_45193019
- HGVS names: + This variation has 5 HGVS names - click the plus to show

**Genotype frequency** ⓘ

Show All entries		Show/hide columns				Filter	
Population	Alleles A	Alleles C	Genotypes A A	Genotypes A C	Genotypes C C	Allele count	Genotype count
BREAD	0.001	0.999	0.000	0.001	0.999	9 (A) / 11651 (C)	1 (A A) / 7 (A C) / 5822 (C C)
fine_mapping	0.000	1.000			1.000	2 (C)	1 (C C)
IBM	0.003	0.997	0.003		0.997	2 (A) / 726 (C)	1 (A A) / 363 (C C)
IBM_parent	0.003	0.997	0.003		0.997	2 (A) / 726 (C)	1 (A A) / 363 (C C)
Margaret_Smith_lines	0.011	0.989	0.009	0.004	0.987	5 (A) / 453 (C)	2 (A A) / 1 (A C) / 226 (C C)
NAM	0.045	0.955	0.042	0.005	0.953	521 (A) / 11141 (C)	245 (A A) / 31 (A C) / 5555 (C C)
NAM_common_parent	0.000	1.000			1.000	110 (C)	55 (C C)
NAM_F1	0.040	0.960		0.080	0.920	2 (A) / 48 (C)	2 (A C) / 23 (C C)
NAM_parent	0.075	0.925	0.075		0.925	14 (A) / 172 (C)	7 (A A) / 86 (C C)
Spanish_inbred_lines	0.036	0.964	0.021	0.031	0.948	7 (A) / 185 (C)	2 (A A) / 3 (A C) / 91 (C C)
teosinte_inbred_lines	0.000	1.000			1.000	32 (C)	16 (C C)
W22_x_Teosinte_BC2S3	0.000	1.000			1.000	190 (C)	95 (C C)
Zmays	0.028	0.972	0.028		0.972	4 (A) / 140 (C)	2 (A A) / 70 (C C)

**Variation legend**

- Misense variant (Yellow)
- Splice region variant (Orange)
- Synonymous variant (Green)
- Intron variant (Blue)

# Variation Data



- Arabidopsis –1001 Genomes
- Maize – HapMap 1 & 2, Panzea GBS
- Wheat – HapMap (Jordan et al), CerealsDB
- Rice – dbSNP, McNally, Zhao, 3000 IRRI (coming soon)
- Tomato – 100 Genomes
- Brachypodium
- Barley
- Sorghum
- Grapevine
- *Oryza glaberrima*

# Gramene Mart

Complex custom queries to mine data:

- InterPro
- GO
- VEP
- Orthologs/Paralogs



*Use case: Find transcription factors having "stop\_gained" alleles*

**New** **Count** **Results**      **URL** **XML** **Perl** **Help**

**bio**  **mart**

**Dataset 14734 / 51162745 SNPs**  
Zea mays variations (AGPv3 (5b))

**Filters**  
Consequence type : stop\_gained

**Attributes**  
Gene stable ID  
Consequence to transcript  
Variation ID

---

**Dataset 792 / 39625 Genes**  
Zea mays genes (AGPv3 (5b))

**Filters**  
Gene type : protein\_coding  
InterPro ID(s): [ID-list specified]

**Attributes**  
InterPro ID  
InterPro short description

Export all results to **File** **TSV**  Unique results only  
**Go**

Email notification to

View **20** rows as **HTML**  Unique results only

Gene stable ID	Consequence to transcript	Variation ID	InterPro ID	InterPro short description
GRMZM2G090230	stop_gained	PZE10137018887	IPR006447	Myb_dom_plants
GRMZM2G090230	stop_gained	S10_137354081	IPR006447	Myb_dom_plants
GRMZM2G379167	stop_gained	PZE05214557574	IPR006447	Myb_dom_plants
GRMZM2G379167	stop_gained	PZE05214558344	IPR006447	Myb_dom_plants
GRMZM2G379167	stop_gained	PZE05214559441	IPR006447	Myb_dom_plants
GRMZM2G057408	stop_gained	S6_93100439	IPR006447	Myb_dom_plants
GRMZM2G057408	stop_gained	S6_93100439	IPR006447	Myb_dom_plants
GRMZM5G803992	stop_gained	PZE1010374683	IPR009057	Homeodomain-like
GRMZM2G082264	stop_gained	S7_107239125	IPR006447	Myb_dom_plants
GRMZM2G082264	stop_gained	S7_107239125	IPR009057	Homeodomain-like
GRMZM2G082264	stop_gained	S7_107239125	IPR006447	Myb_dom_plants
GRMZM2G082264	stop_gained	S7_107239125	IPR009057	Homeodomain-like
GRMZM2G370425	stop_gained	S3_114432603	IPR006447	Myb_dom_plants
GRMZM2G027914	stop_gained	S3_176435177	IPR006447	Myb_dom_plants
GRMZM2G421256	stop_gained	S2_14715154	IPR006447	Myb_dom_plants
GRMZM2G421256	stop_gained	S2_14715252	IPR006447	Myb_dom_plants
GRMZM2G421256	stop_gained	S2_14716649	IPR006447	Myb_dom_plants
GRMZM2G103783	stop_gained	S7_133372375	IPR009057	Homeodomain-like
GRMZM5G887276	stop_gained	PZE0106497353	IPR006447	Myb_dom_plants
GRMZM5G887276	stop_gained	PZE0106497353	IPR006447	Myb_dom_plants

<http://www.gramene.org/biomart/martview/>

# BLAST

new SETUP CONFIG RESULTS DISPLAY refresh Online Help

Displaying unnamed sequence alignments vs *Oryza\_sativa* LATESTGP database  
Showing top 100 alignments of 3961, sorted by Raw Score refresh

Alignment Locations vs. Karyotype (click arrow to hide)

Alignment Locations vs. Query (click arrow to hide)

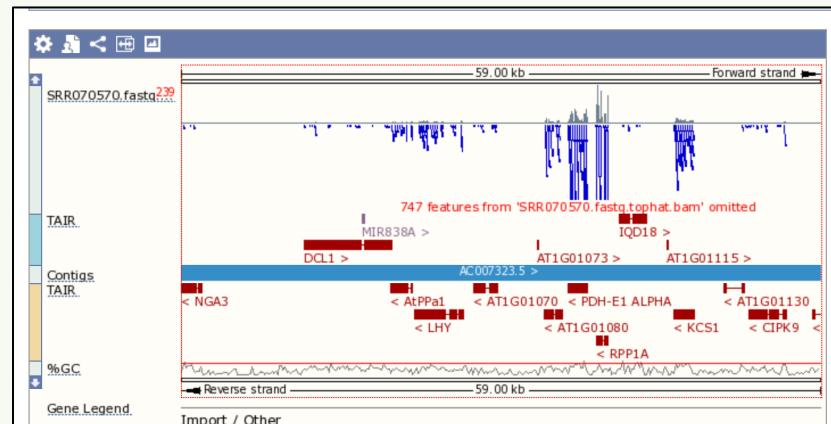
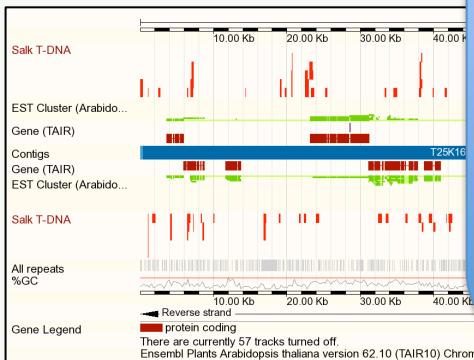
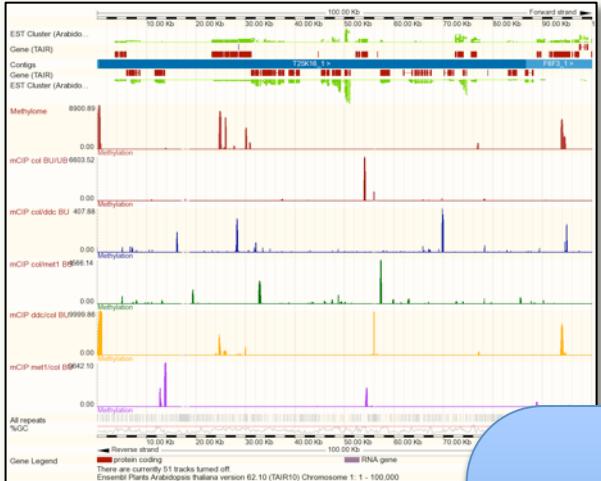
Alignment Summary (click arrow to hide)

Select rows to include in table, and type of sort  
(Use the 'ctrl' key to select multiples)

refresh

Query off_	Subject off_	Chromosome off_	Scaffold off_	Chunk off_	Stats off_	Sort By				
Name	Name	Name	Name	Name	Score	<Chunk				
Desc	Desc	Desc	Desc	Desc	E-val	>Chunk				
Start	Start	Start	Start	Start	P-val	<Score				
						>Score				
Links	Query Start	End	Ori	Chromosome Name Start	End	Ori	Stats Score	E-val	%ID	Length
[A] [S] [G] [C]	4915	4937	+	Chr:4 27138838	27138860	+	23	0.0013	100.00	23
[A] [S] [G] [C]	2612	2644	+	Chr:11 5123693	5123724	+	22	0.0049	91.18	34
[A] [S] [G] [C]	3574	3595	-	Chr:3 22940979	22941000	+	22	0.064	100.00	22
[A] [S] [G] [C]	3290	3314	+	Chr:1 16268734	16268757	+	21	6.7e-06	96.00	25
[A] [S] [G] [C]	3574	3594	+	Chr:1 26012898	26012918	+	21	1.1e-05	100.00	21
[A] [S] [G] [C]	3574	3594	+	Chr:1 32256430	32256450	+	21	0.0017	100.00	21
[A] [S] [G] [C]	3574	3594	+	Chr:1 16268734	16268757	+	21	6.7e-06	96.00	25

# Add Custom Tracks



- Methylome (Ecker)
- Uploaded from an URL
- BED file format

What are the example  
data sets that you  
would like to have for  
Maize?

DNA lines  
uploaded from my laptop  
in BED format

- RNA-seq
- Uploaded from iPlant URL
- BAM alignment file

GFF
BED
BAM
VCF
bedGraph
Gbrowse
PSL
WIG
GTF
BigBed
BigWig
TrackHub

# Gramene & the Informatics Ecosystem

# Variation: tractable data & metadata exchange



Liya Wang

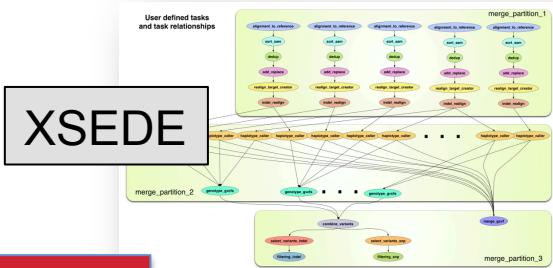


Marcela  
Tello-Ruiz

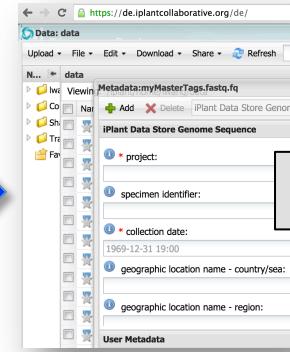


iPlant  
Collaborative™

- Workflows (SNP calling)
- Metadata templates
- Data store



XSEDE



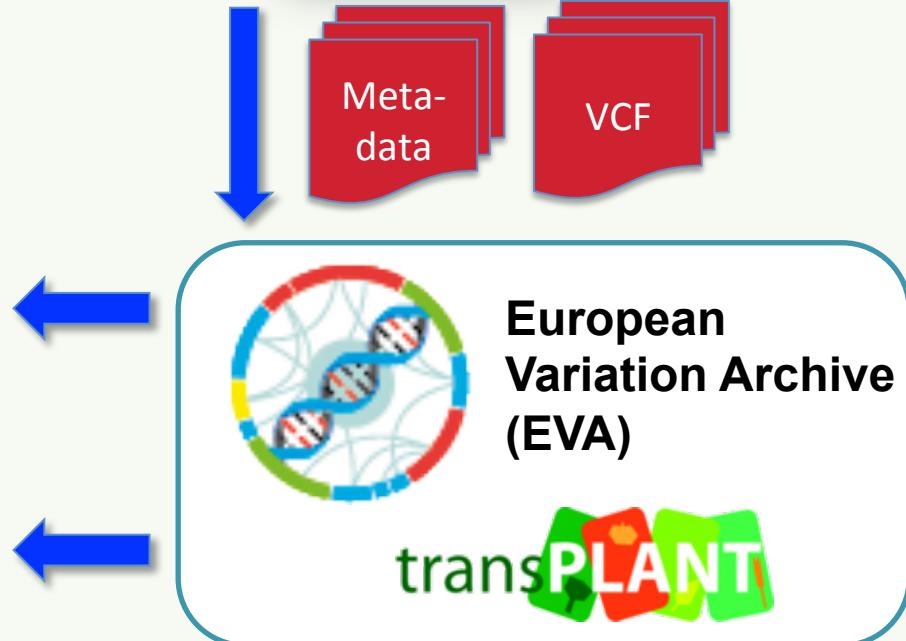
DE

Reference genomes



Meta-data

VCF



European  
Variation Archive  
(EVA)

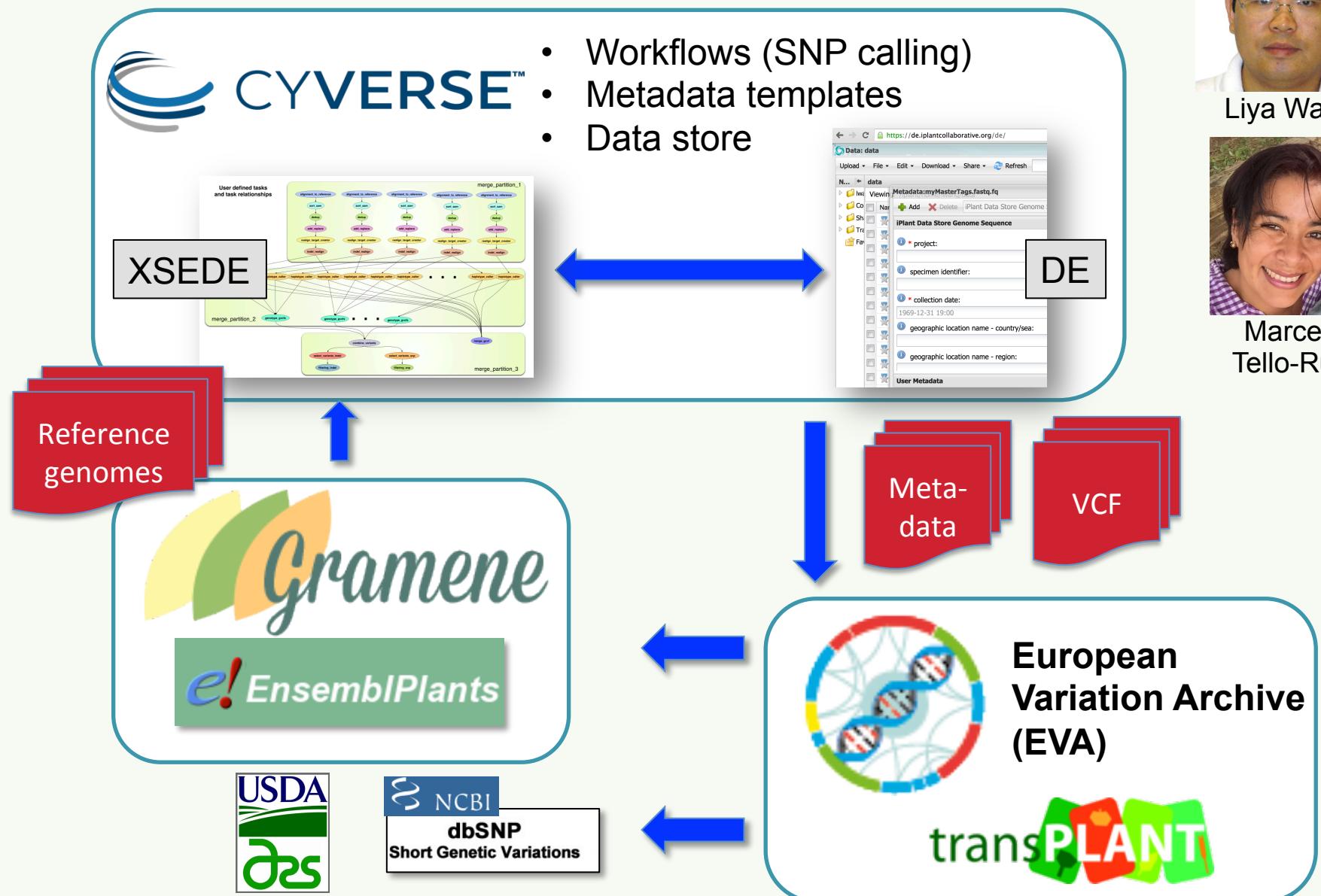
# Variation: tractable data & metadata exchange



Liya Wang



Marcela  
Tello-Ruiz



# Expression data from Atlas

Gramene BLAST BioMart Tools Downloads Help Feedback UploadData

Oryza sativa Japonica ▾ Location: 10:9,616,694-9,618,079 Gene: OS10G0335000 Transcript: OJ1325D05.13

**Gene-based displays**

- Summary
- Splice variants
- Transcript comparison
- Supporting evidence
- Gene alleles
- Sequence**
  - Secondary Structure
  - Gene families
  - External references
  - Regulation
  - Literature
  - Ontology
- Plant Compara**
  - Genomic alignments
  - Gene tree
  - Gene gain/loss tree
  - Orthologues
  - Paralogues
- Pan-taxonomic Compara**
  - Gene Tree
  - Orthologues
  - Phenotype
- Genetic Variation**
  - Variant table
  - Structural variants
  - Variant image
- External data**
  - Gene expression**
  - Personal annotation
- ID History
  - Gene history

Configure this page

Add your data

Export data

Share this page

Bookmark this page

**Gene: OS10G0335000**

**Description** Dirigent, putative, expressed [Source:UniProtKB/TrEMBL;Acc:[Q7G3R5](#)]

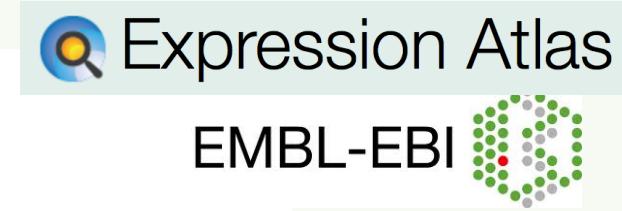
**Location** Chromosome 10: 9,616,694-9,618,079 forward strand.

**About this gene** This gene has 1 transcript ([splice variant](#), [18 orthologues](#), [3 paralogues](#)) and is associated with [1](#)

**Transcripts** Hide transcript table

Name	Transcript ID	bp	Protein	Biotype	UniProt	RefSeq	Flags
OJ1325D05.13	<a href="#">OS10T0335000-00</a>	812	179aa	Protein coding	<a href="#">Q7G3R5</a>	<a href="#">NP_001064371</a>	

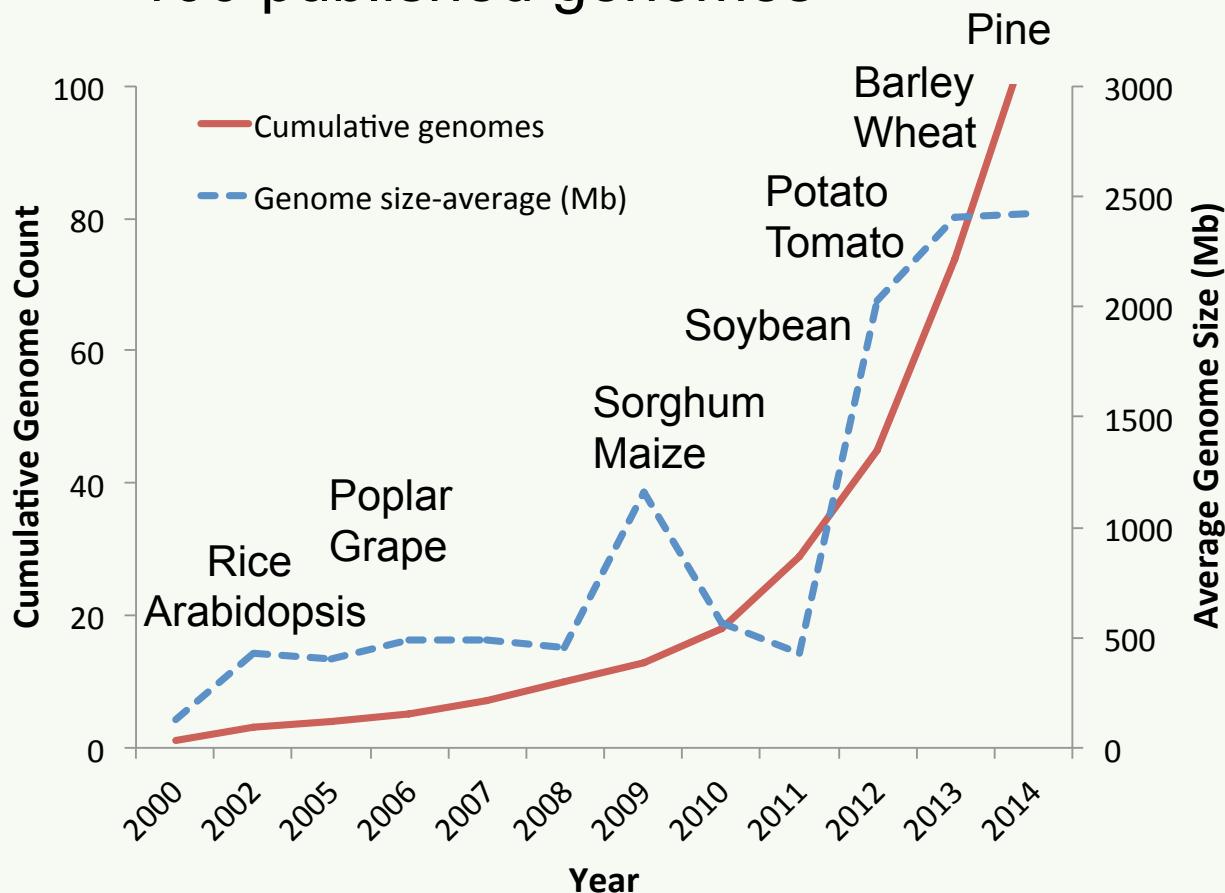
**Gene expression** See more expression data at [Expression Atlas](#). This expression view is provided by [Expression Atlas](#). Please direct any queries or feedback to [arrayexpress-atlas@ebi.ac.uk](mailto:arrayexpress-atlas@ebi.ac.uk)



# Scaling to support the Progress in Plant Genomics

## Adoption of the Ensembl Platform for Plants

100 published genomes



- Declining cost
- Declining quality

✓ Variation  
✓ Expression

ENCODE-like  
Metabolomics  
QTL & GWAS

Adapted from Michael & VanBuren (2015) COPB

# Maize highlights 2015-2016

- Completed a new assembly of maize, B73 RefGen\_v4 by de novo assembly of maize B73 using ~65X PacBio long reads
- Genome annotation of the new v4 maize reference genomes including protein-coding gene, non-coding gene and repeat elements
- Collaborations with MaizeGDB, NCBI and the Maize Nomenclature Group to release the maize V4 reference genome
- Gene annotation of 3 maize inbred lines (W22, Mo17 & CML247)
- Collaborate with EVA & CYVERSE on Variation prototype using the Maize HapMap2
- Collaborate with ATLAS on protoype of the maize expression data

# Tools

The screenshot shows the Gramene website's 'Tools' section. At the top, there is a navigation bar with links: 'BLAST', 'BioMart', 'Tools' (which is circled in red), 'Downloads', 'Help', 'Feedback', and 'UploadData'. Below this, a sidebar titled 'CURRENT RELEASE (7.0)' contains two items: 'Search' and 'Genomes'. The main content area is a table with the following data:

Name	Description	Online tool	Download code	Documentation
<b>Variant Effect Predictor</b> 	Analyse your own variants and predict the functional consequences of known and unknown variants via our Variant Effect Predictor (VEP) tool.			
<b>BLAST/BLAT</b>	Search our genomes for your DNA or protein sequence.			
<b>BioMart</b>	Use this data-mining tool to export custom datasets from Ensembl.			
<b>Assembly converter</b>	Map (liftover) your data's coordinates to the current assembly.			
<b>Ensembl Genomes Virtual Machine</b>	Pre-configured VirtualBox virtual machine (VM) running the latest Ensembl Genomes browser.			
<b>Ensembl Genomes REST server</b> ↗	Access Ensembl data using your favourite programming language			

At the bottom center of the page, there is a link labeled 'TOOLS' with a red circle around it.

# FTP site

Navigation

- Current Release (40)
- Search
- Genomes
- Pathways
- BLAST
- Gramene Mart
- ▶ News
- Archive (Build 39)
- Download**
- Web Services
- Contact
- Tools

## Gramene Portals

- **Genome Browser:** Browse gene annotations & diversity data
- **BLAST:** Align DNA & protein sequences
- **Plant Reactome:** Browse metabolic & regulatory pathways
- **Pathways databases:** BioCyc based cellular metabolic networks for 10 plant species
- **Gramene Mart:** Customized data queries
- Bulk downloads**
- Archive - Markers, Proteins and Ontology databases, QTLs, Comparative Maps

Index of <ftp://ftp.gramene.org/pub/gramene/>

 [Up to higher level directory](#)

### Name

[CURRENT\\_RELEASE](#)

 [archives](#)

 [collaborators](#)

*current*

 [dirs](#)

 [lost+found](#)

*maizesequence.org*

 [outreach](#)

 [pathways](#)

 [release40](#)

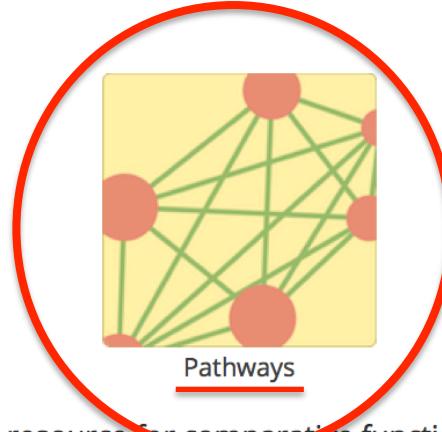
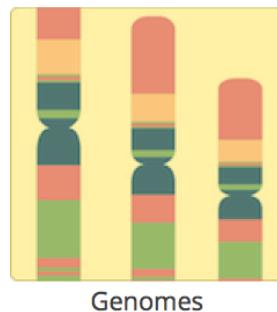
 [tmp](#)

# Gramene Pathway Resources

# Gramene: A comparative resource for plants

## Navigation

- Current Release (40)
- Search
- Genomes
- **Pathways**
- BLAST
- Gramene Mart
- ▶ News
- Archive (Build 39)
- Download
- Web Services
- Contact
- Tools



Gramene is a curated, open-source, integrated data resource for comparative functional genomics in crops and model plant species. Our goal is to facilitate the study of cross-species comparisons using information generated from projects supported by public funds. Gramene currently hosts annotated whole genomes in over two dozen plant species and partial assemblies for almost a dozen wild rice species in the Ensembl browser, genetic and physical maps with genes, ESTs and QTLs locations, genetic diversity data sets, structure-function analysis of proteins, plant pathways databases (BioCyc and Plant Reactome platforms), and descriptions of phenotypic traits and mutations.

## Gramene Portals

- **Genome Browser:** Browse gene annotations & diversity data
- **BLAST:** Align DNA & protein sequences
- **Plant Reactome:** Browse metabolic & regulatory pathways
- **Pathways databases:** BioCyc based cellular metabolic networks for 10 plant species
- **Gramene Mart:** Customized data queries
- **Bulk downloads**
- Archive - Markers, Proteins and Ontology databases, QTLs, Comparative Maps

# Plant Reactome is a Resource for Comparative Plant Pathway Analysis

<http://plantreactome.gramene.org>



Plant Reactome hosts:

- Curated metabolic & regulatory pathways in rice
- Orthology based pathway projections for 58 plant species.
- Provides tools for OMICS data analysis and visualization
- cross-species Pathway comparisons

The screenshot shows the Plant Reactome homepage. At the top, there's a large green header with the text "Plant REACTOME". Below it is a navigation bar with links: About, Content, Documentation, Tools, Community, Download, Contact, and a search bar containing "e.g. YUC4, cytokinin" with a "Search" button. The main content area has several sections: "Browse Pathways" (with a tree icon), "Analyze Data" (with a magnifying glass icon), "Tutorial Video" (with a video camera icon), "User Guide" (with a person icon), "Data Download" (with a download arrow icon), and "Contact Us" (with an envelope icon). On the right, there's a sidebar titled "Gramene News" featuring "Current Gramene Release (49)" with three news items from the "Gramene Database" account. The footer contains logos for Gramene, OSU, OICR, CSHL, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, EMBL-EBI, and REACTOME, along with a note about funding and support.

**About Plant Reactome**

Plant Reactome is a freely accessible database of plant metabolic and regulatory pathways. Our goal is to provide plant researchers tools for visualization, interpretation and analysis of pathway knowledge to support basic research, genome analysis, modeling, systems biology and education.

The development of Plant Reactome is supported by the US National Science Foundation award (#1127112). The database is powered by the resources developed for the human Reactome project funded by the NIH (U41 HG003751) and the European Union 8th Framework Programme 'FNFNIN'.

# Reactome Model on Gramene Youtube channel

- [https://www.youtube.com/watch?  
v=UmrQUClm3jc&feature=youtu.be](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=UmrQUClm3jc&feature=youtu.be)

# Future plans: Pathways

- Double the curated number of pathways in reference (rice) species rice and projected species
- Include more plant species

# Gramene Database @ YouTube

The video player displays a presentation slide with the Gramene logo and the text "Maize Data & Resources". Below the slide, a caption reads "Marcela Karel-Tello-Ruiz, PhD Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory 07 April 2015". The video player interface includes a play button, a progress bar at 0:00 / 44:16, and a "Gramene" channel logo.

**Maize Data and Resources by Dr. Marcela Karel Tello-Ruiz**

Gramene Database

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A grid of thumbnail images for various Gramene YouTube videos, including:

- Rice Data and Resources in Gramene Database
- Browsing & Comparing Genomes using the Gramene Ensembl Browser
- Gramene Webinar July 2015: Arabidopsis resources & SNP data analysis
- Introduction to Gramene
- Maize Data and Resources by Dr. Marcela Karel Tello-Ruiz
- Introduction to the Gramene Website - Nov 2014 Webinar

- 12 live webinars & 14 recorded video-tutorials
- Master mailing list of over 1,100 plant researchers
- Engaging specific plant communities (Arabidopsis, rice, maize, etc.)
- Create a robust presence for Gramene in the Plantae platform (~30,000 plant scientists globally)

# Requests to the community

- Beta testers of the new Gramene search  
[gramene.org/beta](http://gramene.org/beta)
- Review pathways for accuracy & completeness
- Prioritize pathway curation (experimental evidence based)
- Webinar requests & training data sets from the Maize Community

# What's in Gramene build 50?

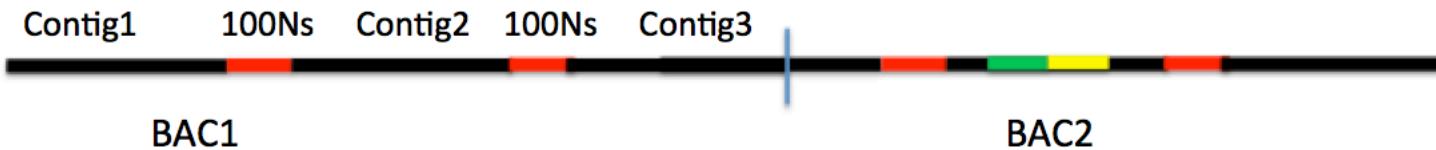
- 3 new genomes: *Trifolium pratense* (red clover), *Brassica napus* (rapeseed) & *Beta vulgaris* (beet)
- New rice variation data
- New WGAs for wheat
- New curated rice pathways
- Projected pathways for 3 new species: *Jatropha curcas*, *Manihot esculenta*, *Eucalyptus grandis* & *Mimulus guttatus*
- New detailed views -genetree, pathway, atlas - for search results

# *Maize B73 RefGen\_v4 @Gramene*

*Yinping Jiao*

*Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory*

# Status of RefGen\_v3



## Assembly status

- Total bases: 2,066,912,289 – **missing ~200Mb**
- **No. of contigs** : 138,936
- **No. of gaps** estimated from pseudomolecule: 125,077
- Lots of the contigs were **not ordered or orientated**
- Assembly **errors within contigs**

## Main issues:

- ***Order and orientation of contigs***
- ***Gaps***
- ***Incomprehensive annotation of alternative splicing***

# Summary of RefGen\_v4

- De novo assembly with PacBio long reads and BioNano map

	No. of contigs (scaffolds)	Mean length (Mb)	N50 size (Mb)	Max length (Mb)	Total assembly length (Mb)
Curated BioNano map	1356	1.56	2.47	12.47	2114
Curated PacBio contigs	2958	0.71	1.18	7.26	2104
Hybrid scaffolds +not scaffolded contigs	625	3.45	9.56	38.53	2105

- Pseudomolecule construction

- total size: 2.10Gb
- 2,523 gaps left : 1,115 gaps with estimated size from BioNano map

- Gene annotation

- MAKER protein coding: 48,934
- v3 genes missed from Maker projected to v4: 269
- MAKER tRNA: 2,290:
- lncRNA: 2,561

*More details will present at the workshop at 5pm*

# *Nomenclature*

- Following Maize genetics Nomenclature
- **Genome:**  
 $\langle\text{assembly\_version\_code}\rangle = \langle\text{assembly code}\rangle, \langle\text{version code}\rangle$   
**B73 RefGen\_v4 - Zm00001d**
- **Annotation:**  
 $\langle\text{gene model}\rangle = \langle\text{species id}\rangle, \langle\text{assembly\_code}\rangle, \langle\text{version\_code}\rangle, \langle\text{six digits}\rangle$   
**Gene: Zm00001d000001**  
**Transcript: Zm00001d000001\_T001**

Coding and noncoding genes are numbered the same and this information is not encoded in the ID. This information will be included in metadata as “Biotype”

# B73 RefGen\_v4 @Gramene

## <http://maizev4.gramene.org/>

Gramene Help Feedback UploadData

Search Zea mays4m...

Log In / Register

Zea mays4m (AGPv4) ▾

### Zea mays4m

Zea mays4m

Data Source wareLab | Taxonomy ID [4577](#)

Search Zea mays4m... Go

e.g. [Zm00001d048577](#) or [1:8001-18000](#) or [Zm00001d048577](#)

#### Early Release Statement

In the interest of rapid and broad dissemination of data resources to the community, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory (CSHL) is releasing the updated maize B73 RefGen\_V4 reference and annotation prior scientific publication in accordance with guidelines set forth by the Toronto agreement [Toronto International Data Release Workshop Authors. **Pre-publication data sharing**. *Nature*. 2009 Sep 10;461(7261):168-70]. Under these guidelines users are encouraged use these data to advance their research on individual or small sets of genes, but must respect the rights and responsibilities of the investigators who generated these data to publish on the whole-genome and its analysis. By accessing these data you agree not to publish articles containing whole genome or chromosome scale analyses, including comprehensive analysis of sequence features, such as genes and repeats, or comparative analysis, prior to publication by CSHL and its collaborators. Consequently, the genome and data presented in this browser may go through further changes as the genbank submissions become finalized.

#### About Zea mays

Zea mays (maize) has the highest world-wide production of all grain crops, yielding 875 million tonnes in 2012 ([http://faostat.fao.org](#)). Although a food staple in many regions of the world, most is used for animal feed and ethanol fuel. Maize was domesticated from wild teosinte in Central America and its cultivation spread throughout the Americas by Pre-Columbian civilizations. In addition to its economic value, maize is an important model organism for studies in plant genetics, physiology, and development. It has a large genome of about 2.4 gigabases with a haploid chromosome number of 10 (Schnable *et al.* 2009; Zhang *et al.* 2009). Maize is distinguished from other grasses in that its genome arose from an ancient tetraploid event unique to its lineage.

[More information and statistics](#)

#### Genome assembly: AGPv4

[More information and statistics](#)  
[Download DNA sequence \(FASTA\)](#)  
[Display your data in Gramene Maize B73 RefGen\\_v4 genome browser](#)

 View karyotype  
 Example region

#### Gene annotation

What can I find? Protein-coding and non-coding genes, splice variants, cDNA and protein sequences, non-coding RNAs.  
[More about this genebuild](#)  
[Download genes, cDNAs, ncRNA, proteins - FASTA - GFF3](#)  
[Update your old Ensembl IDs](#)

 Example gene  
 Example transcript

#### Comparative genomics

What can I find? Homologues, gene trees, and whole genome alignments across multiple species.  
[More about comparative analyses](#)  
[Download alignments \(EMF\)](#)  
[Genomic alignments \[5\] \[show\]](#)

 Example gene tree

#### Variation

This species currently has no variation database. However you can process your own variants using the Variant Effect Predictor:  
[Variant Effect Predictor](#) 

# *V4 genome browser*

# Comparative genomics

Gramene Help Feedback UploadData

Search Zea mays4m...

Gramene

Zea mays4m (AGPv4) ▾

**Zea mays4m**  
Zea mays4m

Data Source wareLab | Taxonomy ID [4577](#)

Search Zea mays4m... Go

e.g. [Zm00001d048577](#) or [1:8001-18000](#) or [Zm00001d048577](#)

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 More information and statistics

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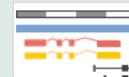
 More information and statistics

 Download DNA sequence (FASTA)

 Display your data in Gramene Maize B73 RefGen\_v4 genome browser



View karyotype



Example region

## Gene annotation

What can I find? Protein-coding and non-coding genes, splice variants, cDNA and protein sequences, non-coding RNAs.

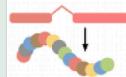
 More about this genebuild

 Download genes, cDNAs, ncRNA, proteins - FASTA - GFF3

 Update your old Ensembl IDs

Carboxy\* CAB  
RuBisCO  
ADH  
PSII

Example gene



Example transcript

## Comparative genomics

What can I find? Homologues, gene trees, and whole genome alignments across multiple species.

 More about comparative analyses

 Download alignments (EMF)

 Genomic alignments [5] [Show»]



Example gene tree

**Gene tree build with Ensembl  
Protein Compara pipeline from 19  
plant genomes**

Gramene BLAST BioMart Tools Downloads Help Feedback UploadData

Login/Logout

Zea mays4m (AGPv4) Location: 9:159,667,998-159,691,083 Gene: Zm00001d048577

Gene-based displays

- Summary
- Splice variants
- Transcript comparison
- Supporting evidence
- Gene alleles
- Sequence
  - Secondary Structure
- Gene families
- External references
- Regulation
- Ontologies
- Literature
- Plant Compara
  - Genomic alignments
  - Gene tree**
  - Gene gain/loss tree
  - Orthologues
  - Paralogues
- Pan-taxonomic Compara
  - Gene Tree
  - Orthologues
  - Phenotype
- Genetic Variation
  - Variant table
  - Structural variants
  - Variant image
- External data
  - Gene expression
  - Personal annotation
- ID History
  - Gene history

Configure this page

Add your data

Export data

Share this page

Bookmark this page

Gramene is produced in collaboration with Ensembl Plants

**Gene: Zm00001d048577**

Description IRS1\_033342

Location Chromosome 9: 159,667,998-159,691,083 forward strand.

About this gene This gene has 3 transcripts (splice variants), 34 orthologues and 20 paralogues.

Transcripts Show transcript table

**Gene tree ?**

**GeneTree**

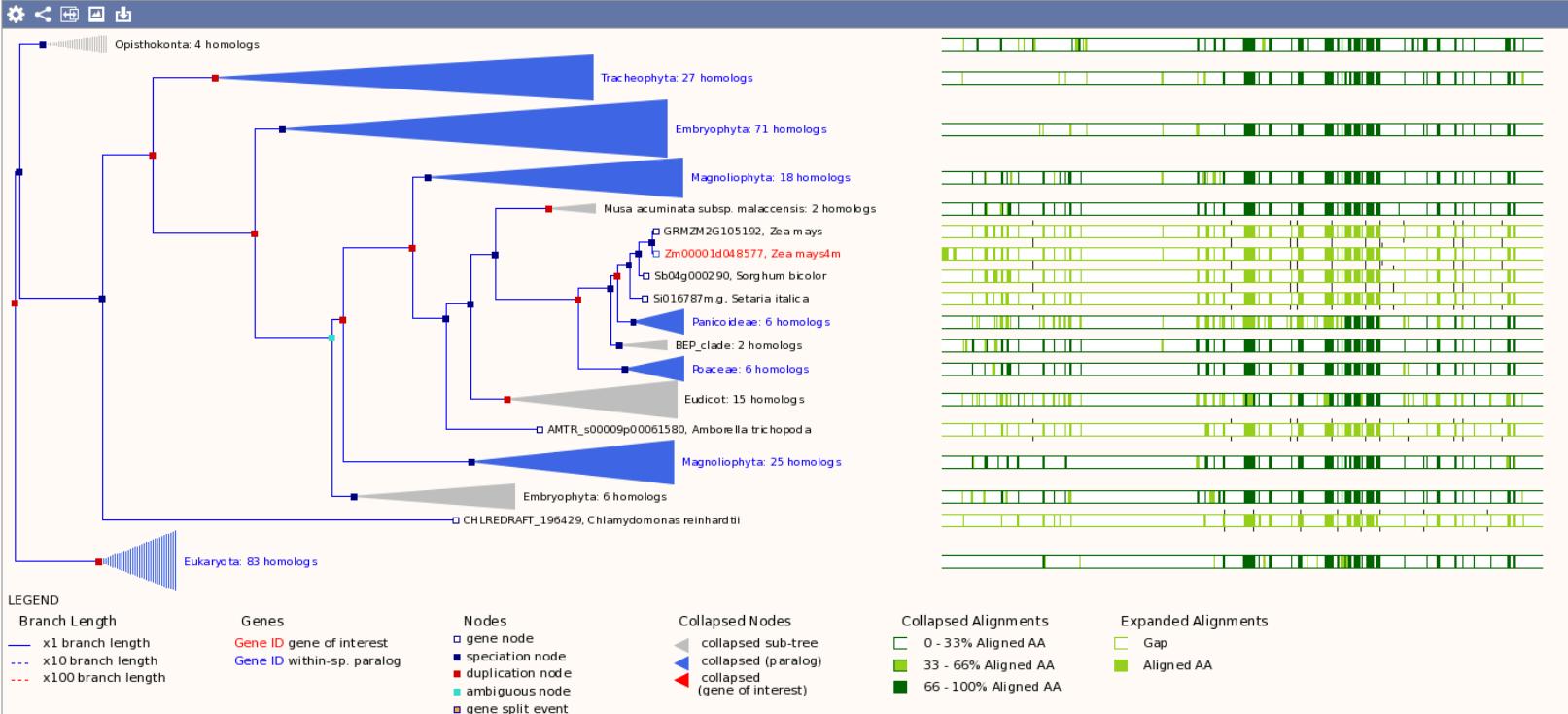
Number of genes 271

Number of speciation nodes 128

Number of duplication nodes 138

Number of ambiguous nodes 3

Number of gene split events 1



**LEGEND**

Branch Length

- x1 branch length
- x10 branch length
- x100 branch length

Genes

- Gene ID gene of interest
- Gene ID within-sp. paralog

Nodes

- gene node
- speciation node
- duplication node
- ambiguous node
- gene split event

Collapsed Nodes

- collapsed sub-tree
- collapsed (paralog)
- collapsed (gene of interest)

Collapsed Alignments

- 0 - 33% Aligned AA
- 33 - 66% Aligned AA
- 66 - 100% Aligned AA

Expanded Alignments

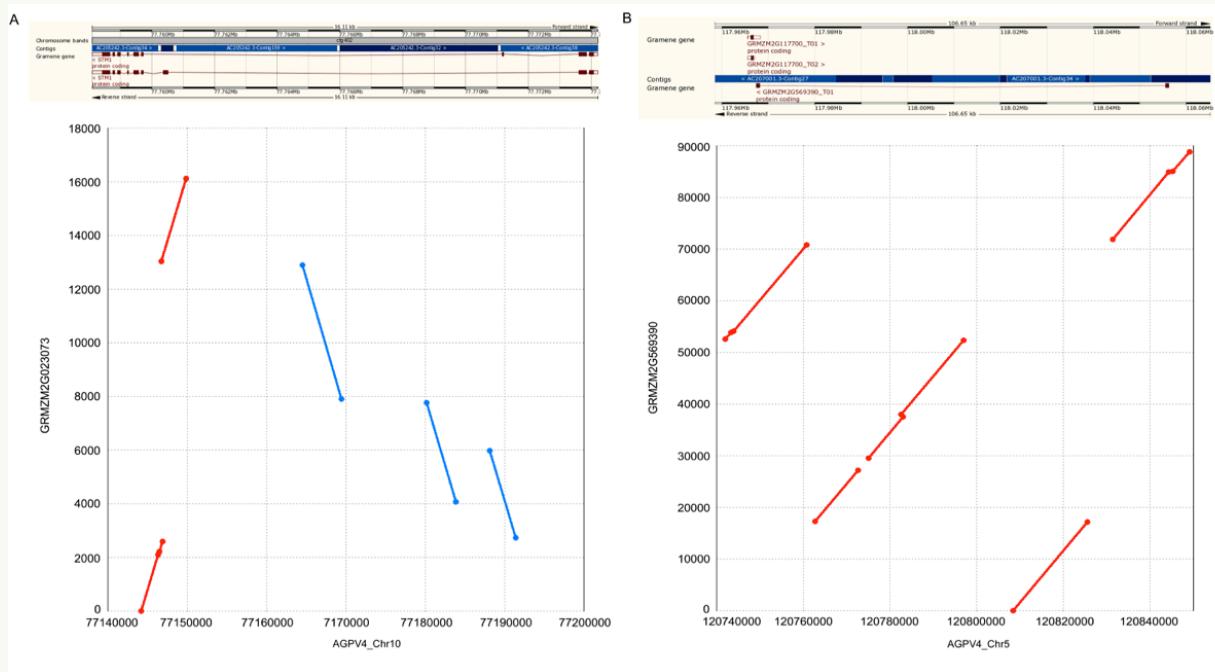
- Gap
- Aligned AA

# Whole Genome Alignments between Zea mays RefGen\_v4 and Arabidopsis thaliana, Oryza sativa Japonica, Sorghum bicolor, Setaria italica, Vitis vinifera respectively



# **Search from v3 gene in v4 assembly**

- *36,725 (94%) of 39,301 nuclear genes could be mapped to V4 without sequence change*
  - *2,461 gene with sequence changes not included*
  - *115 gene missed from v4*





## Zea mays4m

Zea mays4m



Data Source wareLab | Taxonomy ID [4577](#) ⓘ

Search Zea mays4m...

e.g. [Zm00001d048577](#) or [1:8001-18000](#) or [Zm00001d048577](#)

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 More information and statistics

### Genome assembly: AGPv4

 More information and statistics

 Download DNA sequence (FASTA)

 Display your data in Gramene Maize B73 RefGen\_v4 genome browser



[View karyotype](#)



### Gene annotation

**What can I find?** Protein-coding and non-coding genes, splice variants, cDNA and protein sequences, non-coding RNAs.

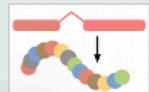
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 Download genes, cDNAs, ncRNA, proteins - [FASTA - GFF3](#)

 Update your old Ensembl IDs

Carboxy\* CAB  
RuBisCO  
ADH F-box  
PSII

Example gene



## Species ▾

Search Gramene Maize B73  
RefGen\_v4 genome browser

- New Search
- Gene (1)
  - Gramene (1)

 Configure this page

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Gramene is produced in  
collaboration with Ensembl Plants

## Search results for 'GRMZM2G436304'

Showing 1 Gene found in Gramene

**GRMZM2G436304** [ GRMZM2G436304 ]

Description      unknown -- not projected to v4

[GRMZM2G436304](#)

Gene ID      [GRMZM2G436304](#)

Species      [Zea mays](#)

Location      [1:167932428-167935085](#)

Gramene release 49 - Mar 2016 © [EBI](#)

## Species ▾

Search Gramene Maize B73  
RefGen\_v4 genome browser

[-] New Search

[x] Gene (3)

  └ Gramene (3)

⚙ Configure this page

➕ Add your data

⬇ Export data

🔗 Share this page

🔖 Bookmark this page

Gramene is produced in  
collaboration with Ensembl Plants

## Search results for 'GRMZM2G121570'

Showing 3 Genes found in Gramene

Filter by species: Select a species... ▾

### GRMZM2G121570 [ GRMZM2G121570 ]

Description	MYB-type transcription factor
Gene ID	<a href="#">GRMZM2G121570</a>
Species	<a href="#">Zea mays</a>
Location	<a href="#">1:252379991-252382041</a>

v3 gene

### GRMZM2G121570 [ GRMZM2G121570\_projected ]

Description	<i>GRMZM2G121570</i>
Gene ID	<a href="#"><i>GRMZM2G121570</i></a>
Species	<i>Zea mays4m</i>
Location	<a href="#">1:256498855-256500905</a>
Synonyms	<i>GRMZM2G121570</i>

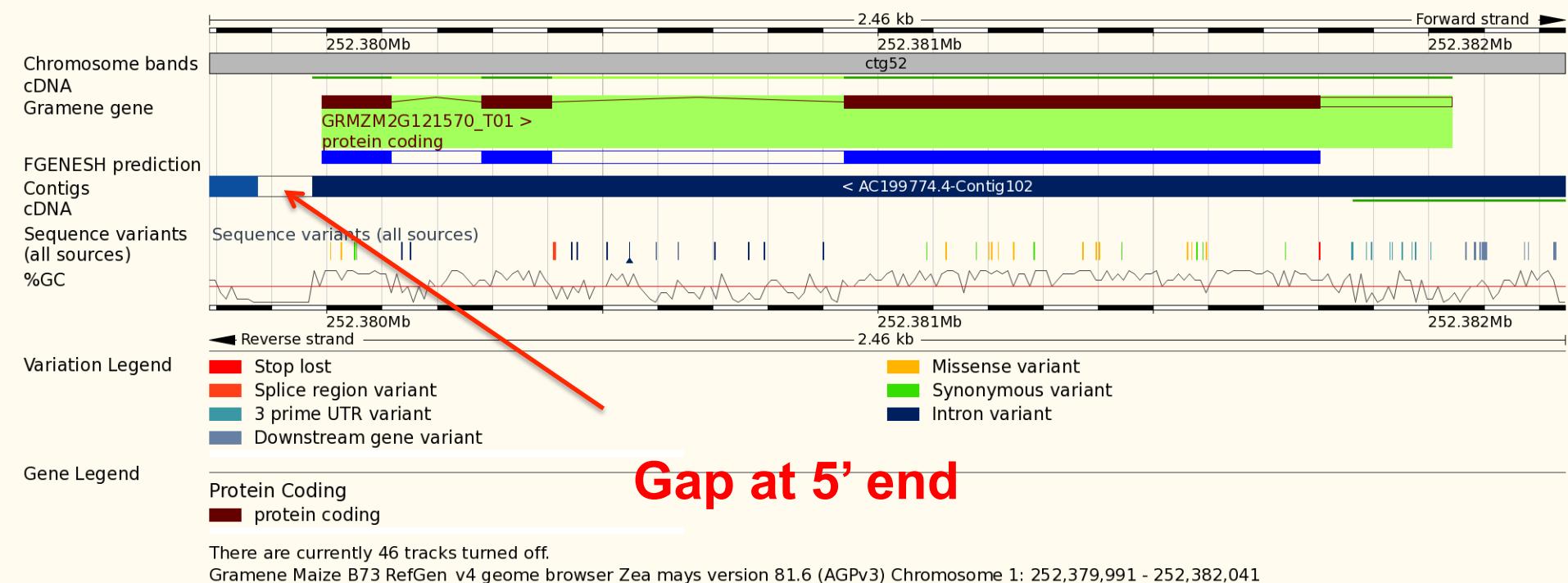
v3 gene  
projected to v4

### Zm00001d033265 [ Zm00001d033265 ]

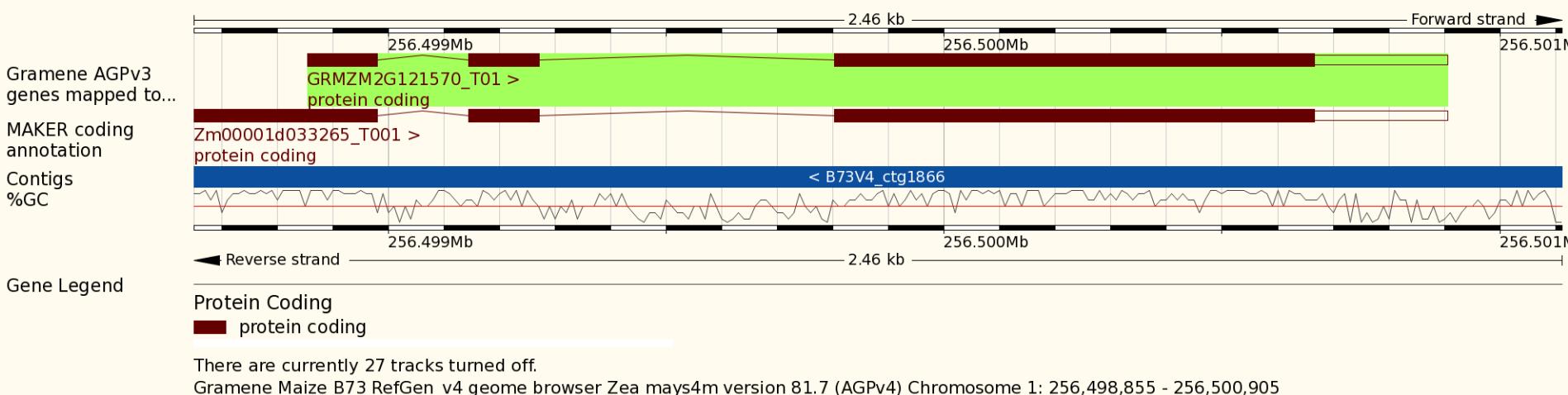
Description	IRS1_029730
Gene ID	<a href="#">Zm00001d033265</a>
Species	<i>Zea mays4m</i>
Location	<a href="#">1:256498470-256500905</a>
Synonyms	<i>GRMZM2G121570</i>

v4 gene

# Incomplete gene model in v3



# *Gap filled: complete gene model in v4*



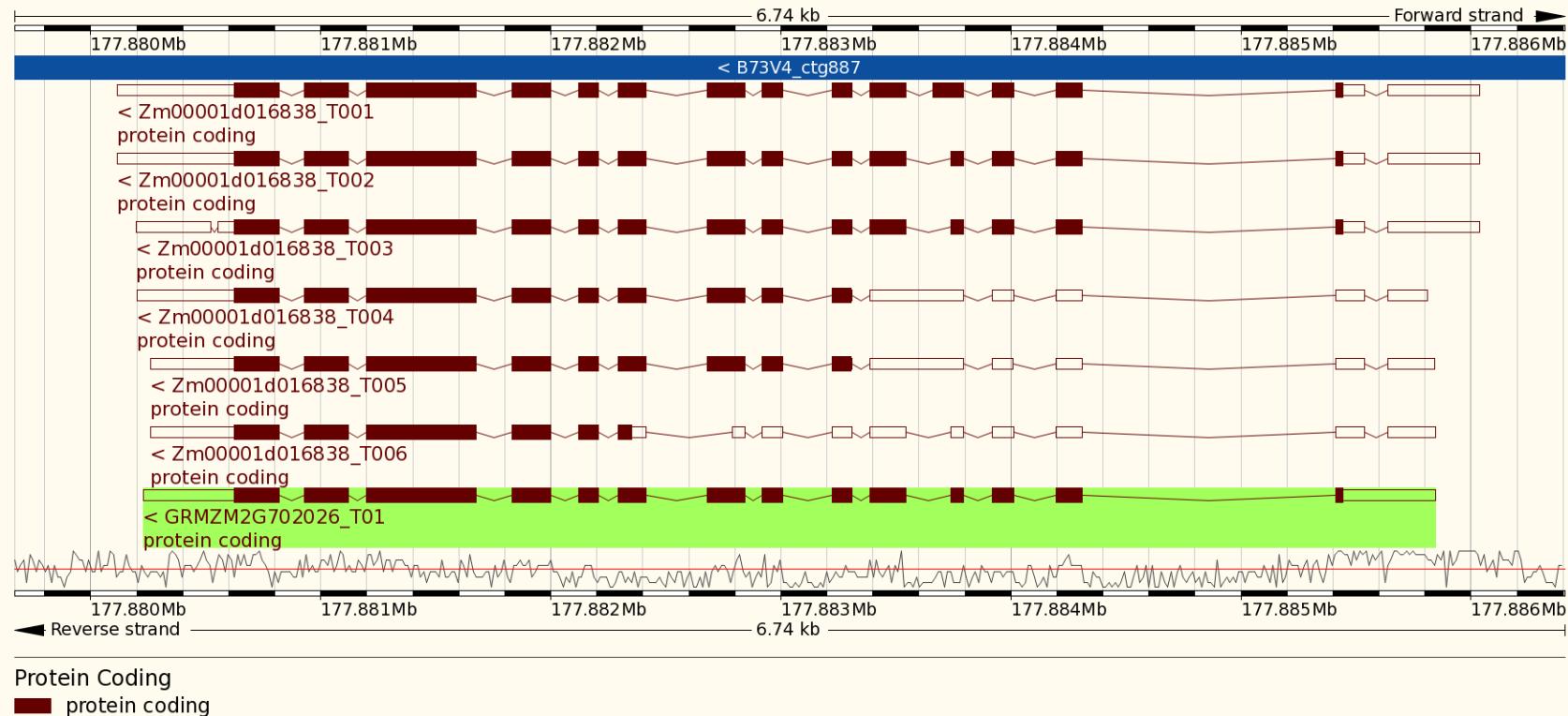
# *Single locus with the same model and new transcripts*

Contigs

MAKER coding  
annotation

Gramene AGPv3  
genes mapped to...  
%GC

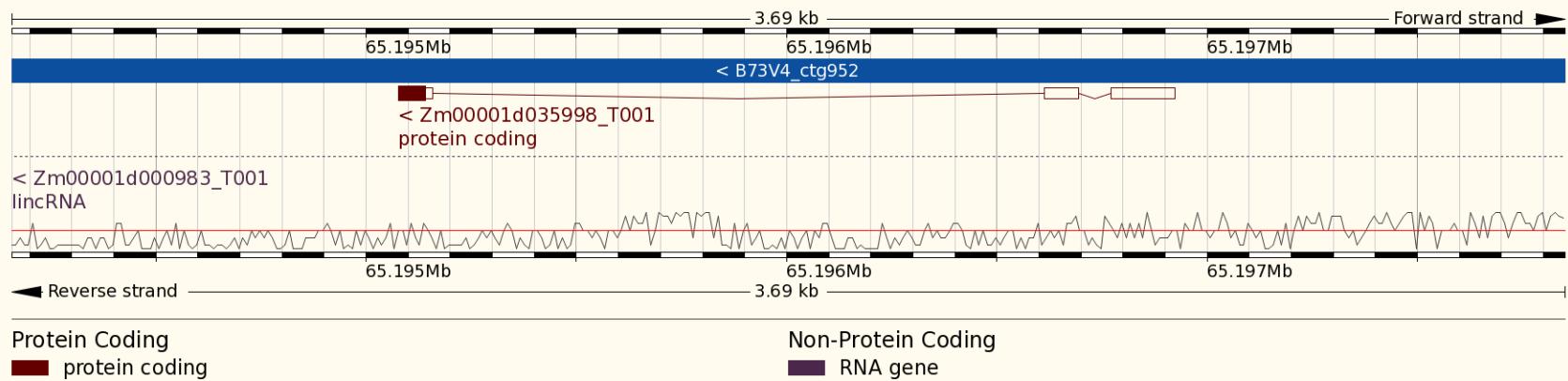
Gene Legend



# Two v3 gene models merged in v4



# New gene model



# Coming soon...

- Gene annotation evidence: full-length cDNA, RNA-seq...
- Regulatory data: expression, methylation ...
- Variation: GBS 2.7, Hapmap3.2...
- Tools: Genome assembly converter, BioMart...

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<http://www.gramene.org/contact>
- Announcements mailing list

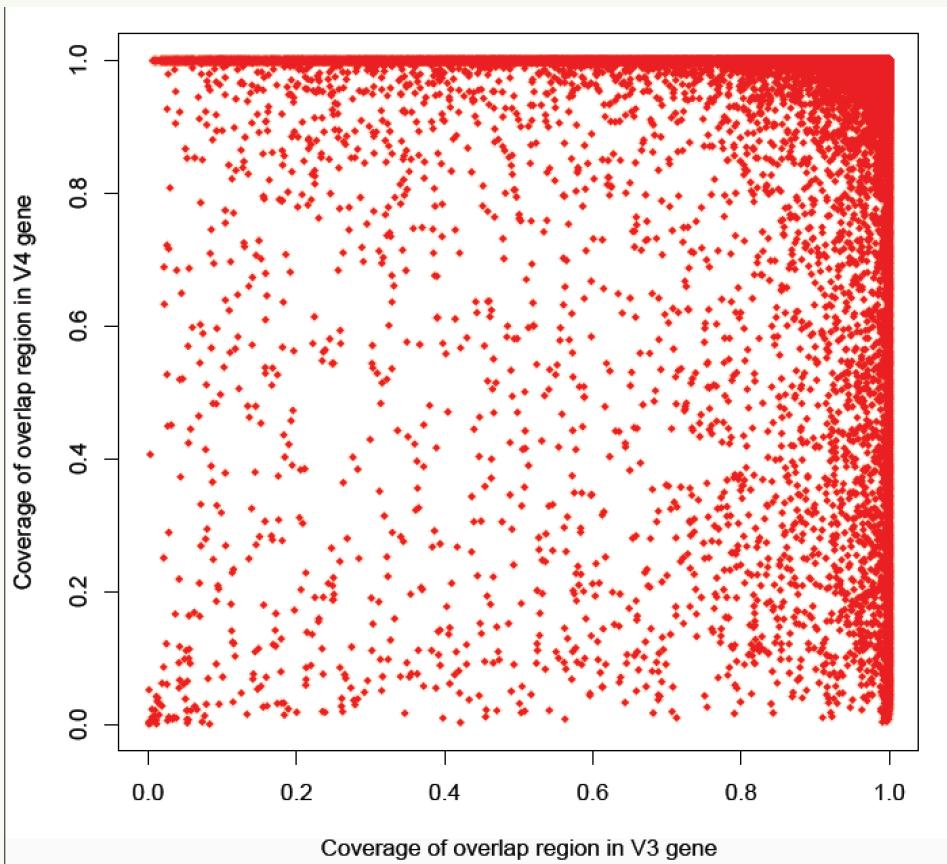


<https://www.facebook.com/Gramene>



[@GrameneDatabase](https://twitter.com/GrameneDatabase)

# *Overlap between v3 FGS and v4 gene WGS*



- Cutoff: Coverage  $\geq 0.5$  in one version
- 31,474 V3 genes : 30,925 V4 genes
- 631 V3 genes were split
- 1,097 V4 genes covered more than one V3 genes
- 28,348 pairs of genes are 1-to-1



Search

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- Tools

**Recent blog posts**

- Gramene book chapter in the Plant Bioinformatics volume of the Methods in Molecular Biology protocols series
- Highlights of the Plant & Animal Genome (PAG) Conference 2016
- Gramene build #50: Planned updates and new data sets
- February 2016 Gramene Webinar: Updates on Plant Reactome
- Gramene updates published in Jan, 2016 issue of Nucleic Acids Research

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**Upcoming Conferences****\* Maize Genetics Conference 2016, Jacksonville, FL, USA, March 17-20, 2016****Past Conferences**

- \* Plant and Animal Genomes 2016 (#pag2016). San Diego, USA; January 9-13, 2016
- \* Plant Genomes & Biotechnology, Cold Spring Harbor, NY, USA; December 2-5, 2015
- \* Genome Informatics, Cold Spring Harbor, NY, USA; October 28-31, 2015
- \* 26th International Conference on Arabidopsis Research (ICAR 2015), Palais des Congres de Paris, Paris, France, July 5-9, 2015
- \* Plant Biology 2015, Minneapolis, MN, July 26-30, 2015
- \* Plants Fascination Day. New York, USA; May 18, 2015
- \* Maize Genetics Conference 2015, St. Charles, Illinois, USA, March 12-15, 2015

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# Maize 2016 Workshop

**Title**

Gramene - Comparative Plant Genomics Database Workshop

**Event Info**

[Maize Genetics Conference 2016](#) 

**Date/Time**

Thursday, 17 March 2016, 3:30 - 4:30 PM EST

**Venue**

Hyatt Regency Jacksonville Riverfront, Daytona Room

**Speakers**

Doreen Ware & Yinping Jiao

**Organizers**

Marcela Carey Tello-Ruiz & Sushma Naitani

**Assistants**

Bo Wang & Lifang Zhang

**Contents** [\[hide\]](#)

- [1 About the workshop](#)
- [2 Workshop material](#)
- [3 Other resources](#)
- [4 Survey](#)
- [5 Internet Access](#)
- [6 Questions](#)
- [7 Acknowledgments](#)

## About the workshop

The Gramene database is an integrated resource for comparative genome and functional analysis in plants. The database provides agricultural researchers and plant breeders with valuable biological information on genomes and plant pathways of numerous crops and model species - including maize - thus enabling powerful comparisons across species. During this workshop, we will demonstrate how to

# How to reach us

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